Moscow: Israel ties only with peace

MOSCOW (AP) — A Soviet Foreign Ministry official said Tuesday that his country would restore full diplomatic relations with Israel only after the complete settlement of the Middle East conflict. Deputy Foreign Minister Vladimir F. Petrovsky told a regular news briefing that relations with Israel could improve as progress is made on a settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict, but that full relations could only resume with a complete settlement. The beginning of the Middle East senlement that would eliminate the reasons behind the break in relations between Israel and the Soviet Union would open up possibilities for the normalisation of these relations," Petrovsky said. "But their complete normalisation would be possible only after the comprehensive and just settlement in the Middle East." The absence of diplomatic relations with Israel is a phenomenor we can describe as abnormal. It doesn't facilitate the normal development of international relations. That's why we presume that the relations with Israel should be normalised. A Soviet consular delegation has been in

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Italy grants \$8.3m to **UNRWA**

AMMAN (Petra) — The Italian government has decided to contribute \$8.3 million to the United Nations Relief and Works Agen-cy (UNRWA) to help it improve and make the necessary mainte-nance of the agency's installa-tions, UNRWA officials said Tuesday. The officials said that the government of Italy had also decided to donate an extra \$1 million to be used by UNRWA for immediate rehef operations.

Perez de Cuellar seeks UNIFIL renewal

UNITED NATIONS (R) Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar called Tuesday for another six-month renewal of the mandate of the U.N. Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL), as requested by the Lebanese government. The mandate of the force, established in 1978, expires at the end of this month and the Security Council will meet before then to approval a further exten-

Balladur in Kuwait

KUWAIT (R) — French Finance Minister Edouard Balladur arrived in Kuwait from Dubai Tuesday on the third leg of a Middle East tour focusing on economic ties and regional tensions. French embassy sources said Balladur was likely to discuss the expansion of Knwaiti investment in France with Kuwait's Finance Minister Jassim Mohammad Al Khorafi. Balladur arrives in Jordan today.

Resistance men battle Israelis -

BEIRUT (R) - Israeli tank fire killed three pro-Iranian fighters on a mission against Israeli troops in South Lebanon, a statement by the Islamic Resistance said Tuesday. The groop said "one of its units, which was on its way to launch an attack against Israeli troops, was ambushed Monday night near the village of Jarmaq."
It said its fighters in nearby hills inflicted heavy casualties on Israeh troops with mortar fire. Security sources said a 65-yearold Lebanese man was killed and another wounded when Israeli troops opened what appeared to be retaliatory fire on the southern villages of Jarjouh, Kfar Roum-mane and the edges of Naba-

Dutch leaders may call off visit

.5 million

palcer,

THE HAGUE (R) — Dutch Prime Minister Rund Lubbers and Foreign Minister Hans van den Broek may cancel a planned trip to Israel in May unless violence in the occupied territories diminishes, a Foreign Ministry official said Tuesday. Lubbers has said that he hopes to go ahead with the trip, but warned last Friday he might give up his plans if the situation did not improve. "If the situation in the (occupied) territories prevails, it might he necessary to reassess whether the planned visits could take place, a Foreign Ministry official told reporters. He said Van den Brock raised the issue with Israel's ambassador in the Hague, when he summoned the diplomat earlier this month to express Dutch concern that Israeli measures in the territories contravened international law.

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- through Nabisco tennis, • Libya restricts trade
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His Majesty King Hussein is received by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein at the Baghdad pres-

King and Iraqi president discuss Palestinian uprising, peace efforts

sein on the situation in the occupied West Bank and Gaza, and the ongoing Palestinian protests there, on efforts to end the Iran-Iraq war and prospects for holding an international conference

on the Middle East. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King and the Iraqi president also reviewed the resolutions adopted by the Nov. 8-11 extraordinary Arab summit and emphasised the need for adherence to these resolutions as an ideal framework for collective Arah action and countering chal-

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty ed the importance of Arah moves King Hussein paid a working visit to Baghdad Tuesday for talks with Iraqi President Saddam HusMajesty's forthcoming visit to European countries and meeting with foreign ministers of the European Community (EC).

The King, who returned home Tuesday evening, was accompanied on the visit by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, Court Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri and Information Minister Hani Khasawneh. The delegation members as well as Jordan's Ambassador to Iraq Hilmi Al Lawzi attended the talks the King lenges facing the Arab Nation. Lawzi attended the talks the King The two leaders also highlight held with the Iraqi president.

were attended by vice-president of the Revolutionary Command Council Izzal Ibrahim, Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz, Information Minister Latif Nayef Jassem, and Ahmad Hussein, director of the president's office.

The King and the delegation were received upon arrival and were seen off upon departure by the Iraqi president and senior

Upon return home, the King sent a cable to President Hussein expressing pride in the Iraqi lead-ership and wishing the Iraqi lead-er and people every success and victory in their war in defence of Iraq and the entire Arah Nation.

Baccouche begins visit UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) Alinding to Iran's insistence on to Baghdad

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Tunisian Prime Minister Hedi Baccouche arrived in Baghdad Tuesday on the last leg of a regional tour during which he has stressed ing Iran of prevarication.
"We have treated Resolution his country's solidarity with Arab

A Jordanian embassy spokes-man quoted by Reuter said Baccouche travelled from Amman on the same aircraft as His Majesty King Hussein, who paid a brief visit to Iraq for talks with President Saddam Hussein on the Iran-Iraq war and Arah unity.

by King Hussein before leaving Amman, has also visited Syria, Qatar, Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman and the United Arab Emirates. During the tour he has ex-plained the change of leadership in Tanisia last November, when President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali ousted Habib Bourguiba.on

Baccouche, who was received

the grounds of senility. Iraqi officials said the Tunisian premier was expected to hold talks with President Hussein and other Iraqi officials.

They said Baccouche was carrying a message from Ibn Ali. In a departure statement carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Baccouche described Jordanian-Tunisian relations as

strong and developing constantly. Baccouche said the Tunisian government and people deeply respect King Hussein and appreciate his national stands and endeavours for rallying Arab

The Tunisian people look forward to a visit by the King to their country upon an invitation of President Ibn Ali, Baccouche said. He said that his meetings with the King and Prime Minister Zaid Rifai focused on current efforts by Arab leaders to maintain the spirit which prevailed the

summit held in Amman. King Hussein gave his blessings to efforts being made by the leaders of the Maghreb (North hundreds of Palestinians in the African Arab states) to achieve solidarity and good neighbourli-

ness among Arab states, the Tunisian prime minister said.
He said that his country supports all pan-Arab endeavours to confront and deal with common

Bacconche, who arrived in Amman Monday, delivered a message to the King from Ibn Ali dealing with bilateral relations a white T-shirt and light blue and Arab solidarity.

Iraq reaffirms acceptance of 598, assails Iranian stand

- Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz has reaffirmed his country's support for a Gulf war ceasefire resolution adopted by the Security Council last July, while accus-

598 (1987) as binding, in accordance with the provisions of the charter, and as being not subject to hargaining, fragmentation or selective application," Aziz said in a letter to Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar made public Tuesday.

"We have interpreted it as an indivisible whole. We have not interpreted any of its clauses in a manner which would contravene its letter or spirit, nor have we introduced into it any elements which are extraneous to its text and to the rules followed in connection with the resolutions of the international organisation."

The Iraqi minister said Iran, which had already rejected all council resolutions and heaped abuse on the council, had "indulged in prevarication since Re-solution 598 (1987) was

linking a ceasefire to the estabfishment of an inquiry body also provided for elsewhere in the resolution -- to determine responsibility for the seven-yearold war, he added:

"At times, its various officials declare that they reject the resolution and deride the Security Council, while at other times they play a game in which they fragment the resolution and select those parts of it which appeal to

They change the order of its operative paragraphs, thus violating the text of the resolution, and they make their own interpretations of its clauses without any relation to the text or to the rules of international procedure, nor to the customs of the United Na-

Shultz: Embargo effort stalled

U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz conceded Monday that U.S. efforts to obtain a U.N. arms embargo against Iran were

(Continued on page 3)

Kidnappers link captives' release with Israeli actions

holding three American profes- cut recently. sors and an Indian educator said Tuesday Israel's ronndup of Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip has delayed the captives' release.

They also warned that the United States "is not out of reach for punishment because of all this. Every action against America is worthy and useful."

A statement from the kidnappers, the Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine, did not spell out what they were thre-

But the handwritten Arabiclanguage statement, delivered to a Western news agency in west occupied territories means any hostage release "will remain suspended without a foreseeable solution."

The statement was accompamed by a Polaroid photograph of one of the American hostages, Alann Steen, a communications professor at Beirut University College (BUC).

Steen appeared thin. He wore pajamas. He was clean shaven Bank and Gaza.

BEIRUT (AP) - Kidnappers and appeared to have had a hair-

He and three other BUC professors were kidnapped on the west Beirut campus by gunmen disguised as policemen Jan. 24 last year. The others are Rohert Polhill,

a lecturer in accounting; Jesse Turner, a mathematics and computer science instructor; and finance professor Mithileshwar Singh, a native of India who is a resident alien in the United

A senior Muslim security source has said the kidnappers are members of the Iranian-backed Hizboliah (Party of God), using Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine as a convement cover for political reasons.

Hizbollah has repeatedly denied any involvement in seizing the four academics, who are among 24 foreigners now missing and helieved held hostage in

The kidnappers issued a statement on Dec. 18 threatening "negative actions" against their hostages if Israel continued its "iron-fist" policy against Palestinian demonstrators in the West

Israeli troops shoot and wound Arab protester, continue beatings

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) Israeli soldiers Tuesday shot and wounded an Arab demonstrator in the West Bank town of Jenin while other troops continued a systematic campaign of beating up Palestinians and forced open stores in an effort to break commercial strikes.

Israeli policemeo shot a Palestinian when dozens of protesters attacked their patrol in the Jenin refugee camp, the army

Ehud Barak, deputy chief of

(Continued on page 3) **'27 unborn babies killed'**

TUNIS (R) - Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat accused Israeli troops Tuesday of causing 27 pregnant Palestinian women to lose heir babies through severe beatings or exposure to tear-gas. The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader told a news conference that Israeli soldiers, who began a policy of "might, force and beatings" a week ago, were still using live ammunition to quell Palestinian protests in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip,
Alluding to the miscarriages, he said: "This big number is not by chance. It is a decision by the criminal (the Israeli defence

Arafat named 25 women he said had miscarriages because of recent beatings and said two further instances had occurred during

"The new systematic crime of the Israelis is to kill our children while still inside their mothers' wombs," he said.

Arafat said that his reports from Israel put the death toll in seven weeks of protests at 90, six in the last three days.



A Palestinian protester with a slingshot in Arab Jerusalem

Israeli army poised to expel 4 more **Palestinians**

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — The Israeli army prepared to expel four more Palestinians from the occupied Gaza Strip Wedneday after they withdrew appeals to Israel's sup-

reme court, their lawyer said. "Today I submitted a request to cancel their appeals and after a while I got a report that the appeals were cancelled. It means they can be deported at any moment," Israeli attorney Felicia Langer told Reuters.

The four - Furayi Ahmad Khalil Khayri, Muhamad Ahu Samara, Hassan Ghanim Mohammad Abu Shakra and Khalil Kuka - dropped the appeals in protest at being re-fused access to secret "evidence" against them, she said.

Sources quoted by Reuter said the four men, accused of inciting protests against Israel in the Gaza Strip, would probably be expelled to southern Lehanon very soon.

A fifth Palestinian, Adil Bashir Nafa Hamad from the Qalandia refugee camp in the occupied West Bank, who withdrew his appeal to the supreme court last week, was also due to be expelled imminently.

Earlier this month, Israel deported four Palestinians from the occupied West Bank to southern Lebanon despite a U.N. Security Council resolution calling on the Jewish state to rescind the deportation orders.

The four withdrew their appeals to military review boards in protest against legal procedures which prohibited them from seeing the evidence against

Officials said Israel's foreign ministry, headed by Labour Party leader Shimon Peres, opposed deportations and would recommend against the action if the issue came up again in the

The officials who spoke to AP on condition of anonymity indicated scheduled deportations were expected to go forward as planned because the army did not need to refer back to the cahinet.

Langer said the four decided to withdraw their appeals because they were certain the court would rule against them. "They say that in this present

situation while there are people struggling and suffering under this terrible oppression, they don't think the Israeli high court of justice has the authority, jurisdiction or competence to decide if they have the right to live in their

Jordan urges positive Security Council response to occupied territories report The Security Council is due to

Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — Jordan expressed hope Tuesday the U.N. Security Council would respond positively to Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar's recommendations over the Palestinian problem and step up efforts to achieve Middle East peace through an international conference.

"Jordan hopes the recom-mendations of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar will persuade the Security Council to use its powers and accelerate efforts to solve the Arab-Israeli conflict through an inter-national peace confernece," a Foreign Ministry spokesman was quoted as saying by the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

The spokesman praised Perez de Cuellar's report last week on the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, saying it "ex-posed Israel's inhuman and oppressive polices and its constant challenges to the international community's will."

"It is hoped that the report... will prompt the Security Council to shoulder its responsibilities and... bring about a lasting and just settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict that will ensure Israeli withdrawai from Arab lands and guarantee the rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland," the spokesman told

Goulding, who visited the occupied territories earlier In the report, the secretary-

general recommended a concerted effort to persuade Israel to accept de jure (by right) the applicability in the occupied territories of the Geneva convention on the treatment of civilians in The report called for an inter-

national peace conference on the Middle East and said Israel should be persuaded to "correct its practices" in order to comply fully with the Geneva conven-

The Jordanian spokesman said, the report's significance stems from the fact that "it reflects the secretary-general's personal con-victions and is hased on Goulding's findings in the occupied region."
He said the Palestinian uprising

"clearly reflects the Palestinian people's total rejection of occupation and its determination to resist occupation rule.

Senegal and Zambia - were to start work on a resolution Monday.

urging the council to act. Arah League foreign ministers meeting over the weekend in Tunis urged the Security Council to "assume its responsibilities for putting an end to the occupation of the Palestinian and Arah terri-

Last week, Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard A. Shevardnadze urged the foreign ministers of the five permanent council members to begin organising an international conference on peace in the Middle East.

Mubarak secures British support for peace plan

LONDON (Agencies) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, already assured of British support for an Arab-Israeli peace drive, conferred with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Tuesday.

Muharak, on a whirlwind tour to gain international backing for a regional peace plan unveiled last week, arrived Monday from Bonn and left for Washington later Tuesday.

Thatcher aides said the main topics of the hour-long meeting were the Arab-Israel situation, the Gulf and Egypt's economy.
"The prime minister, like President Mubarak, is concerned to

national (Middle East) peace conference," one official said. British officials said later the talks lasted 15 minutes longer than the scheduled hour and took

get movement towards an inter-

place in a friendly atmosphere. "The prime minister and the president recognised that the recent violence in the West Bank had given fresh urgency to the search for a peace settlement and the best way would be through an international conference acting as a framework for all the parties,"

one official added. He said Mubarak outlined his peace proposals to Thatcher and the two agreed to keep in close

Muharak met Monday with Junior Foreign Minister David Mellor, who visited the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza earlier this month.

A Foreign Office spokesman said after the meeting with Mellor that Britain regarded Muharak's peace proposals as helpful and constructive and would support

Under Mubarak's plan, Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied territories would renounce violent opposition for at least six months while Israel froze Jewish settlements there and accepted a peace conference.

Mubarak also saw Chancellor of the Exchequer Nigel Lawson to discuss Egypt's \$40-billion debt and its negotiations with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) over a reform programme.

U.S. welcomes new ideas

U.S. officials said meanwhile they welcomed any ideas from the Egyptian leader that can further peace in the Middle East. Mubarak's scheduled to meet Thursday with President Ronald

Referring to the Egyptian leader's new proposal, a senior State Department official said: "That's

(Continued on page 3)

meet Wednesday to study the U.N. diplomats quoted by the The U.N. secretary-general's report was mainly based on find-

ings by Under-Secretary-General to discuss the situation in the overall Arab-Israeli conflict. "In some respects it's a little

artificial to divide the dehate in two," said British Ambassador Crispin Tickell, president of the council this month. Tickell said the non-aligned members of the council - Yugos-

lavia, Algeria, Argentina, Nepal, The Soviet Union and the 21-

member Arah League are also

Reagan interested in peace

WASHINGTON (AFP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan Monday stressed his administration's interest in establishing peace in the Middle East region but did not announce about any new American peace initiative.

In a state of the union address

to the U.S. Congress, Reagan

said violence in the occupied West Bank and Gaza was a live reminder of the dangerous situa-He avoided criticising Israel

and did not refer to the ongoing Palestinian uprising in his speech before U.S. congressmen. Reagan said the United States

and the countries of the region should work together to give the Palestinians "reasons for hope" but not for despair. He noted that the stability in

the Middle East region requires a settlement that guarantees the security of Israel and recognises the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people.

Reagan stressed anew the United States' resolve to contribute to finding such a settlement but did not introduce any new ideas and did not touch upon the Arab proposal for an international peace conference.

Bonn admits threat to hostages prevented Hamadi extradition

DUESSELDORF, West Germany (R) — A top aide to Chancellor Helmut Kohl testified Tuesday that threats to kill two West Germans kidnapped in Lebanon forced Bonn to refuse a U.S. request to extradite a suspected hijacker.

It was the West German government's first public admission that it was intimidated into disregarding its extradition treaty with the United States because it feared for the lives of the hos-

The testimony came in the trial of Abhas Ali Hamadi, 29, charged with masterminding the kidnappings of Alfred Schmidt and Rudolf Cordes in mid-January 1987 to stop his jailed brother's extradition and eventually force a swap of prisoners. Chancellery Minister Wolfgang Schaeuble, head of Bonn's hos-

ing Kuwait and the region.

The northern Gulf emirate, an

ally of Iraq in the Iran-Iraq war,

was the target of seven missile

attacks blamed on Iran last year,

one of which shut down its main

Gulf oil terminal for six weeks.

bomb blasts in 1987 which local

newspapers have blamed on pro-

KUNA said the information.

social affairs and labour, health

and electricity and water minis-

ters also exchanged jobs with

Diplomats said the reshuffle

was unlikely to result in major

changes in government policy.

It was triggered by the resigna-tions of Communications Minister

Khalid Al Jumcian, Municipal

Affairs Minister Abdul Rahman

Khalid Al Ghunaim and Planning

in, Mahmoud Mohammad Issa

Mohammad, accused of lying to gain safe entry to Canada last

year appeared at a deportation hearing Monday. Proceedings in the steel town

of Hamilton south of Toronto were adjourned until Feb. 15 to

allow Mohammad's lawyer time

Mohammad was convicted by a

Greek court in March 1970 of

killing an Israeli man during an

to prepare a case.

Palestinian man appears at

Canadian deportation hearing

TORONTO (AP) - A Palesti- Athens airport in 1968.

other cabinet members.

Iranian militants.

Kuwait was also rocked by ten

tage crisis team, testified: "We decided not to extradite after we weighed all the risks and decided that this would pose the lesser risk in light of threats to the hostages' lives.

"The threats influenced our decision," he told Duesseldorf's top-security court.

Abbas Ali's brother, Mohammad Ali Hamadi, was arrested in West Germany on Jan. 13, 1987, and had been wanted by U.S. authorities for his alleged part in the 1985 hijacking of a U.S. airliner and the murder of an

businessmen were taken hostage by Shi ite Muslim kidnappers days after Mohammad Ali's arrest. Abbas Ali was detained on Jan. 26, 1987 on arrival at

Frankfurt airport from Beirut. Washington filed for Mohammad Ali's extradition but Bonn, after months of silence, announced in June that he would be tried instead in West Germany for air piracy and murder. A date for that trial has yet to be set.

The two West German

The kidnappers freed Schmidt in September. He will testify at Abbas Ali's trial, probably next month. Cordes remains a prisoner and is reported in poor health and emotionally desperate.

were tapped by police. He has denied any part in the kidnap-Judge Klaus Arend read out a pings. series of secret 1987 messages from A verdice the kidnappers to Schaeuble's crifore April. A verdict is not expected be-

Malaysia accuses Israel of repression

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — Malaysia's Prime Minister Datuk Seri Mahathir Mohammad accused Israel Tuesday of pursuing policies of hrutal repression against Palestinians.

The Tel Aviv regime is contiming its relentless policies of systematic and brutal repression against innocent and unarmed Palestinians in the occupied territories," be told a meeting of South East Asian parliamentarians in Kuala Lumpur.

"The increasing atrocities, bloodshed and injustice being inflicted by Israel are against human decency and all that it stands

Israel's policy towards Palestinians living in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip has aroused widespread condemnation. At least 39 Palestinians have been killed and some 300 wound-

ed hy army gunfire in the occupied areas since Dec. 9. "Israel must respect the in-alienable right of Palestinians to a

national homeland so that permanent peace and stability could be achieved in West Asia," Mahathir said.

3 Americans beaten by Israeli troops

TEL AVIV (AP) - Three U.S. citizens filed complaints with the U.S. consulate in East Jerusalem, charging that they were beaten by Israeli soldiers, a consulate spokesman said Monday.

David Good told the Associated Press the consulate transferred the complaints to the U.S. State Department that will decide whether any diplomatic action would be taken.
Good said all the complaints

were filed over the last week. He refused to identify the complainants, but said two of them were Arab Americans. Israel's policy of beating

Palestinian protesters instead of using live ammunition. announced earlier this month by Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, has been crinicised at home and abroad. Critics say the policy is applied arbitrarily.

Two of the Americans said they were sitting in their bomes when soldiers burst in and began beating everyone in sight, Israel Radio reported.

Good said one American was beaten at his house while another was beaten after being forced out of his car. Good could not provide an immediate account of the third incident.

Good refused to provide any further information, saying he was "very much restricted by privacy laws." He said the consulate did not file any complaint with the army because of the

He said consulate officials plan to meet with the complainants for further clarification.

mute witness to Israeli brutal beatings Minister Yitzbak Rabin said last near the vegetable market inpu

RAMALLAH, West Bank (R)

— Heavy rain washed away the blood but two red stains remained on a wall in the centre of this Israeli-occupied West Bank town where residents said they saw soldiers brutally beating Palestinians.

At the Ramaliah Hospital, dociors said four Arabs were released after treatment for beatings. Two others wounded by Israeli gunfire Sunday were still

lying there.

Hospital staff said they had treated hetween 20 and 30 Palestinians whose wrists and arms had been hroken in the last few days. The patients said soldiers had assaulted them. "The last beating there was

yesterday," said Abdel Hafeez, 35, in a muddy parking lot behind the old wall at the back of Al Khatib's rug shop. "We taxi drivers see everything because we wait here,"

Hafeez and other residents said Monday they bad witnessed dozens of beatings at the wall in the two weeks since the army switched from shonting to manhandling protesters in a drive to quash unrest in the occupied territories.

The head of Israel's Central Command, Gen. Amram Mitzna, visited the spot Monday and promised a thorough investigation into the reports of brutality.

Tronps have shot dead 39 Palestinians and wounded 300 by gunfire since the start of a violent uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip on Dec. 9. Hospitals and medical workers

say over 200 more have suffered fractured limbs since Defence

Tuesday the army would use "might, power and beatings" to crush unrest but would avoid more killings.

Blood-stained Ramallah wall remains

Leftist parliamentarian Yossi Sarid, who investigated similar beatings in the Gaza Strip, said: Some demonstrators were beaten after being apprehended and others were taken from their bomes and did not take part in

demonstrations at all." He said he would confront Rabin with evidence of widescale brutality at a meeting of parliament's Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee Tuesday. The soldiers beat the people

they brought there with clubs and rifle butts," taxi driver Hafeez said. "They hit them on the head. on the shoulders, on the back but especially on joints - arms and

An army spokesman in Jeru-alem said: "The IDF (Israeli army) are investigating allega-tions about the wall at the highest

"As a matter of policy, force is used only to disperse violent demonstrations. Any other case is exceptional and the (army) acts in order to prevent such cases from occurring."

The beating site in Ramallah was first revealed by reporter Joel Greenberg in Monday's Jeru-salem Post. The army said no complaints had been filed to the authorities about the site.

They would hit them for half an hour, an hour or even two hours according to their orders," said Hafeez, adding that soldiers chased witnesses away.

"We saw them take a kid from

Wednesday," he said. "They handcuffed him and were bearing him all the way from whose they picked him up to the wall here.

There were about 10 of them. beating him with clubs. It was raining like today."
Hafeez and other drivers and

the wounded would be loaded aboard army vehicles siterwards and driven away. At the hospital, Mohammad

Khalil, 20, lay in one room with a tom check, a cut in his head and a wound in his hip. "I was beaten yesterday after the (rubber) bullet hit my hip and I was caught by the army," he said. "My check was cut when

they hit me with a rifle butt." Military sources said troops opened fire with rubber bullets and live ammunition in Remallah Sunday "when they found themselves in a life-threatening uituation," confronted by a crowd of 150 Palestinians, throwing stones and flooring tiles.

In the next hospital bed, 27year-old insurance agent Jamal Abu Shawish was unconscious after a four-hour operation Sunday.

Friends said he was walking past the demonstration on his way to deposit money at the bank when a live round shot by a soldier hit him in the lower back and tore through his abdomen.

Piles of stones and the remnants of charred barricades still partly blocked streets behind the hospital. Medical sources said injured protesters were wary of being taken to the governmentrun hospital in case they were

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's prime minister resbuffled his cabinet Minister Mohammad Suleiman Sayed Ali, mainly for personal reasons, diplomats said.

Tuesday, swapping the defence and interior portfolios but keep-ing the key oil, finance and fore-ign affairs ministers in their posts. Defence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah, who had held the post for 10 years, swaps with Interior Minister Sheikh Nawaf Al Ahmad Al Sabah, in his post The Knwait News Agency (KUNA) said the ministers of communications, planning and municipal affairs would leave the

Kuwait reshuffles cabinet

Both ministers grappled with major security crises including cabinet, formed in mid-1986 by Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al last year's Silkworm missile Abdulla Al Sabah. attacks, a 1985 assassination Sheikh Saad praised the outattempt on the emir and bombgoing cabint for performing its ings at the French and American task well despite what he called embassies in 1983.

Information Minister Sheikh Vasser Mohammad Al Ahmad Al Sabah switches with Social Affairs and Labour Minister Sheikh Jaber Mubarak Al Hamad Al Sabah, KUNA said.

Health Minister Abdel Rahman Al Awadi, in the post for more than 10 years, becomes planning minister while Electricity and Water Minister Mohammad Abdul Muhsen Al Refae takes up municipal affairs.

KUNA said the new cabinet members were Abdul Razzaq Abdul Razzaq (health), dean of the College of Medicine at Kuwait University, Hamoud Raqba (electricity), former dean of the College of Engineering and director of the Kuwait Institute for Scientific Research and Abdullah Sharhan (communications), head of the Science Club.

Then identified as a member of

the Popular Front for the Libera-

tion of Palestine (PFLP), he was

sentenced to 17 years in prison.

After serving just one year, he was

...... Evening Show

..... Close Down

- Evening Show Could

...... Evening Show Continued

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freed in a hostage exchange

U.S. to remove few ships from Gulf convoy duty

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Defence Secretary Frank C. Carlucci was authorised a small reduction in the number of U.S. warships deployed in the wartorn Gulf, including the withdrawal of the battleship Iowa,

Pentagon officials have said. The officials, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the drawdown would begin around Feb. 18. The number of ships assigned to the Middle East Force will change only slightly - dropping by three or four - but the makeup will be realigned, the

sources said. "Our commitment to protect commercial ships flying the U.S. flag is unchanged," said one source. "It's just that we don't need certain types of ships at the moment.'

The navy will allow the Iowa to steam for home without replacing it with another battleship, and will do the same with the amphibious helicopter carrier Okinawa, the sources said.

The Okinawa's departure from the Gulf will mark the withdrawal of U.S. Navy mine-sweeping belicopters from the region and a complete reliance on mine-

sweeping ships, officials said. In addition to those changes, a number of regular, one-for-one rotations will also take place over the next month, they said.

The aircraft carrier Midway will be replaced by the carrier Enterprise in the northern Arabian Sea and four other ships now replaced, the sources said. The cruiser Turner and frigates Carr, Elrod and Gallery will be re-placed by the cruiser Wainwright and frigates Williams, Roberts and Simpson.

Government officials acknow-The rotations actually started ledged last week that Mohammad lied about his past to obtain a Canadian immigrant's visa in over the weekend. The amphibious dock ship Portland arrived in the Gulf and will soon replace Madrid last year, and has been the Mount Vernon, another living in the Ontario town of amphibious dock ship, one official said

The Portland will probably remain in the Gulf at least through February and will be joined soon hy the amphibions transport Trenton. As currently planned, the Trenton will ultimately become the replacement for both the Okinawa and Portland, dropping the number of U.S. Navy ships inside the Gulf from 17 to

intimidate were evident.

with Bonn.

"The way you are dealing with

us compels us to consider blood-

letting to exert pressure," said

one message, apparently referring to the slow pace of contacts

Mohammad Ali Hamadi, 23

was scheduled to testify at his

older brother's trial Wednesday

after being flown in by belicopter

under armed guard from Frank-

furt where he is awaiting trial.

trial, which began Jan. 5, has alleged the defendant arranged

the kidnappings through tele-phone calls from Saarland that

Prior testimony in Ahbas Ali's

The navy now expects the Okinawa to leave the area around Feb. 20. The battleship lowa, meantime, will probably leave the northern Arabian Sea with two escorts — the cruiser Ticon-deroga and the destroyer Deyo about Feb. 18, the officials said.

The battleship's presence in the region was originally described as insurance in case additional firepower was needed to augment the striking ability of carrierbased aircraft in the task force. But one source said Monday, "it's expensive insurance and we don't think we need it right now."

The navy says it is spending roughly \$20 million a month above its normal operating expenses to station extra warships in the Gulf region. The United States began build-

ing its naval presence in the area last summer when President Ronald Reagan agreed to extend military protection to 11 Kuwaiti tankers placed under the Amer-The navy's 27th convoy opera-

tion got under way over the weekend. The Pentagon said the Kuwaiti tanker Middletown was in the central Gulf Monday under the escort of the frigate Reuben James and that "no unusual air or sea activity has been reported."
The U.S. military announced

Monday that it will no longer regularly announce escorted con-voys of U.S.-flagged Kuwaiti tankers through the Gulf because they have become routine. The announcement came as the

restrictions. United States began its 27th naval

Sudan extends state of emergency

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan extended its state of emergency a further six months Tuesday after the army acknowledged the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) had captured an important southern town.

The head of the constituent assembly, Salah Abdul Rahman Ali Taha, told reporters the assembly had decided to extend the emergency to July 26 because of threats to the country's

security.

He said the situation in the mainly animist and Christian south, as well as the east and west, was particularly bad. The south, and east have been the scene of fierce battles against SPLA fighters in the last two

The army acknowledged on Monday it had retreated from the "heroic" hand-to-hand combat with SPLA forces. The SPLA, fighting what it regards as domination of Sudan

hy the largely-Muslim north.

briefly captured the towns of Kur-

mak and Gizen on the eastern border with Ethiopia last month. Khartoum's Al Hadaf newspaper reported Tuesday that SPLA rebels abducted four people from Gizen 10 days ago and

later killed three of them. Ali Taha said the assembly had consulted the five-man Supreme teriorating throughout the Council before extending the country,

emergency, imposed last July to end hoarding, blackmarket dealing and smuggling. The measure southern town of Kapoeta after followed a wave of protests against deteriorating living conditions last year.

Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi faced further possible difficulties Tuesday after the leader of his coalition partner, the Democratic Unionist Party (DUP), threatened to withdraw from the government.

DUP Secretary-General Sherif Zein Abdin Al Hindi told Al Siyassa newspaper the govern-ment had failed to meet its obligations and services were de-

Austrian firm director admits Iran arms sales

for Iran.

Voest-Alpine publicly admitted Tuesday the company had made illegal weapons deliveries to Iran worth millions of dollars.

Peter Unterweger, who headed the Noricum subsidiary of Voest-Alpine said weapons worth 4 billion shillings (\$333 million) were delivered to Iran.

Austria's permanent neutrality makes it illegal to sell weapons to

a warring country.
Unterweger told the Austria Press Agency (APA) that he was

VIENNA, Austria (AP) - The ordered in late 1984 to fulfill an Unterweger told APA that he former bead of a subsidiary of order for cannons from Libya did not want to say who gave hith Austria's state steel concern although it was already clear the the assurances that the Libyaweapons were actually destined

> The first weapons deliveries were thought to have taken place in 1985, according to reports in Austrian media.

The general director of Voest-Alpine, Herbert Lewinsky, said Monday the intermediate results of an internal investigation had increased suspicion that Noricum made a direct weapons deal with Iran. Voest-Alpine had

EMERGENCIES

Iran arms deal was in order.

His lawyer, Alfred Thewagnet. was quoted as telling APA that while Unterweger naturally bore some responsibility for the arms sales, he was not the sole figure involved.

"Do you think that a director like Unterweger would have been in the situation to conduct such 2 billion-schilling business alone?" Thewagner was quoted as saying

attack on an El Al jetliner at TV & RADIO

Koran

.. Cartoous

28:00 21:00

22:00

JORDAN TELEVISION Tcl: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

14-40	Horizons of Knowledge
10540	FRAIZURS OF PROMISORS.
	Isaura Giobo TV
17:35	Local series
[8:20	Programme on Jordanian uni-
	versities
19:00	
19:10	Iraq Newsletter Religious programme
19:40	Programme review
20:00	News in Arabic
	Arabic series
	Studio of Art
	Wrestling
22.40	Wiesting.
47.00	News summary in Arabic
PROG	RAMME TWO

19:00 19:15

.... Charles in Charge nentary — Well-Being Alfred Hitchcock News in English Roses are for the Rich RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz. SW Tel: 774111-19

News in French
Anjourd' Hui En Jordanie
News in Hebrew
Sports Magazine
News in Arabic

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07:30	Newsdesk
98:0 0	Morning Show
	News Summary
	Morning Show Consd.
11:00	15 Minute Theatre
[1:30	Songs from Movies
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Readings
12:30	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Pop Session
14:00	News Bulletia
I4:10	Instrumentals
14:30	The Young Sound
15:00	
t6:09	News in Summary
t6:05	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	
17:30	Jordan Weekly
	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:05	Science Report
18:30	Music
t9:00	News Desk
19:30	Date with a Star

Brantford with his wife and three children.

A painting exhibition by German artist Ingeborg Grosjean at the Spanish Cultural Centre (until Jan. 30).

639, 720, 1323 KHZ	search in France at the French
06:00 World News 06:09 24 Hours:	Centre (until Jan. 28).
News Summary 06:36 Being Human	
06:45 The World Today 07:00 News-	* Plastic art exhibition, by !
deak 67:30 Meridian 66:00 World News	Alian at the Soviet Cultural
08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 06:30	(until Jan. 31).
Development '87 69:00 World News	
09:09 Reflections 09:15 Classical Re-	FILMS
cord Review 89:30 Development '88	LILIVIS
10:00 World News 10:09 British Press	
Review 10:15 The World Today 10:30	- C ' 9-00
Just A Minute 10:45 Dave Gelly's	* Garde 'a vue" at 8:00 p.m. French Cultural Centre.
Songbook 11:00 News Summary;	French Cultural Centre.
Omnibus 11:30 Financial News; Sports	☆ English Teachers' Evening T
Roundup 11:45 Stuart Colman's Re-	Tenses at 5:00 p.m. at the
cord Hop 12:00 World News 12:09	Council.
News About Britain 12:15 Natural	Council.
Selection 12:25 A Letter from Wales	CITY THE AT COMM
12:30 Back to Square One 13:00 Radio	CULTURAL CENT
Newsreel 13:15 Being Human 13:25	
The Farming World 13:30 Meridian	David Cultural Co
13:45 Sports Round-up 14:00 World	Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 6
News 14:89 24 Hours: News Summary	American Centre
14:30 Development '87 14:45 Sports	American Centre Library
Roundup 15:00 News Summary; Out-	British Council
look 15:30 Development '88 15:45 Re-	French Cultural Centre
port on Religion t6:90 Outlook; 5-	Goethe Institute
Minute News 16:15 A Personal Look	Soviet Cultural Centre
at Remembrance 16:39 Don't Stop	Spanish Cultural Centre
Now. It's Fundation 17:00 World News	Turkish Cultural Centre
17:15 A Personal Look at Remembr-	Haya Arts Centre
ance 17:30 Two Cheers for January	Hussein Youth City 6
17:45 The World Today 18:00 World	Y.W.C.A.
News	Y.W.M.A.
VOICE OF ALTER-	Amman Municipal Library
VOICE OF AMERICA	Univ. of Jordan Library

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

86:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA
Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline
07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10
Newsline 08:20 VOA Morning 09:00
News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA
Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline
18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10
Focus 19:30 Special English News &
Features 20:00 News 28:10 Newsline
20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News
21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English
News & Features 22:00 News 22:10
Newsline America 22:30 Music USA
Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15
Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 00:10
World Report World Report

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

* An exhibition about medical research in France at the French Cultural Centre (until Jan. 28).

☆ Plastic art exhibition, by Marwan Alian at the Soviet Cultural Centre (until Jan. 31).

★ Garde 'a vue" at 8:00 p.m. at the ★ English Teachers' Evening Teaching

661026/7 ... 644371 ... 641520 636147/8 634049

MUSEUMS

665195

"Children's Herliage and Science Maseum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folkiore Museum lewelry and costumes over 100 years old, Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qara (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tucadays.

escort mission.

WHAT'S GOING ON

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Hotiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Clab. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Clab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. p.m. Royal Astomobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590, Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibden, Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic). Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian Ian-Jana Livertooth, mass in Irahan language, meet every Saturday at 5-30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Asmanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 62354).

Anglican Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906, chaetharic residence and 601267 chaptain's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholic Church Ashralieh, Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751.

6/734.

Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295

Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) microenominatoral-cemenical En-glish Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 823605, Rev. Veli. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264.

Amman International Charch (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Air International Airport Tel. (08) \$32005, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

The state of the s	"
09:30 Kowait (R.	ń
05-30 Damascas (R	ń
99:50 Dhahran (R.	ĸ
18:00 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R.	X
16:45	Z
17:40 Athens (R.	n
17:50 New York, Amsterdam (R.	ń
18:05 Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienn	ú
(RJ)	
18:15 London, Geneva (R. 18:30 Madrid, Belgrade (R.	n
10.20	Z
Taibu Madrid, Beigrade (R.	"
16:45 Banekok (R.	n
18:45	ń
73-55 Restricted (D	ĸ

OINER F	LIGHTS (Terminal 2)
97:48	Karachi (PK) Baghdad (add.) (IA)
08:30	Baehdad (add.) ((A)
47:35	Cairo (MS)
11:20	Damescus (A7)
31:45	
11:45	Damascus (LN)
12-18	Abu Dhabi, Behrain (GF)
13-08	Damascus (TY)
13-4B	Kuwait (KU)
15-40	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
15.20	Jenuali, Metina (34)
21.00	Baghdad (IA)
21.40	Frankfurt (LH)
2124	Paris, Damascus (AF)
22:25	Tripoli, Damascus (PK)
DEPARTUS	EES

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

97:00	
11:00	Vienna, New York (RJ)
11:39	Athens (RJ)
12:00	
12:38	
13:30	Riyadh (RJ)
u.u	Knwait (RI)
19:40	Dhahran (RJ)
19:50	Bahrain, Doha (RJ)
19:55	Bachdad (RT)
29:00	Jeddah (RJ)
20:15	Coim (DI)
24:45	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)
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FOR THE TRAVELLER OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Larnacz, Zurich (SR)

Larnacz, Zurich (SR)

Damascus, Tripoli (PK)

Baghdad (add.) (IA)

Cairo (MS) 15:00

PRAYER TIMES

14:42 17:87

MONEY EXCHANGE		
Tuesday i	rates	
Local seli/buy rates in Belgian franc	a fils	
Belgian franc 95.9/	97.5	
Dutch guilder 178.1/	181.7	
French franc 59.4/	60.5	
Italian lira	27.7	
Japanese yen (for 100) 262.3/	267.6	
Swedish crown 55.8/	56.8	
Swiss franc 2471	252	
U.K. sterling pound 595.2	608.7	
U.S. dollar		
U.K. sterling pound 595.2 U.S. dollar		

..... 335.4/ 340.7

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will be partly cloudy, with slight increase in temperature. Winds will be westerly moderate. In Agaba, winds

will be northerly moderate and calm 4 / 14 12 / 21 5 / 17 Agaba .. Desens Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 11, Aqaba 18. Humidity readings: Amman 70 per cent, Aqaba 47 per

First aid 63034
Blood Bank 778303
Civil Defence rescue 661111
Fire headquarters 62290-3
Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777
Police headquarters 639141
Traffic nedice 89042091

previously denied this.

Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn	644281/6
Akileh Materuity, J. Amn.	642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	642362
Malhas, J. Amman	636140
Palestine. Shineisani	664171/4
Shmeisani Epspital	669131
USIVETSITY HOSDITAL	X15R45
Al-Muasher Hospital	66722779
The Islamic, Abdali	666127/37
Al-Abli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhairecu	77710173
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	775111/26
Army, Marka	891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/50
Amal Hospital	674155

Cucumbers
Dates (box)

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

Dr. Abbas Al Hakim 991256
Firas pharmacy 661912
Ferdows pharmacy 778336
Al Asema pharmacy 637055
Nairoukh pharmacy 623072
Al Salam pharmacy 656730
Yacouh pharmacy 64905
Shmeisani pharmacy 637660 TAXIS: Taxina taxi 6.36730
Taxina taxi 6.44660
Taxina taxi 666467
Tanger taxi 666467
Raghdan taxi 842600
Raqab taxi 776131
Sayel taxi 776131

HOSPITALS

ZARQA: Dr. Abdul Rahim Ahmad 993180

Jordan Television 77311/19 Radio Jordan 77211/10 Ministry of Tourism 642311 Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints Price complaints Telephone information Jordan and Middle East calls

GENERAL

Upperflower price in fils per kg.
Apple (French) 420 / 360
Apple (green) 470 / 400
Banane Banana (Mukammar) 350 / 300 Banana (Mukammar) 300 / 240 Beans 370 / 300
 Beans
 370 / 300

 Beans (broad)
 650 / 550

 Cabbage
 80 / 50

 Carrot
 260 / 200

 Cauliflower
 130 / 90

130 / 90 250 / 200

MARKET PRICES

Marrow 190 | 160
Onion (green) 159 / 160
Onion (green) 150 / 160
Onion (dry) 210 / 180
Oranges (Abu surra) 300 / 250
Oranges (Abu surra) 259 / 200
Pepper (hor) 266 / 200
Pepper (sweet) 140 / 100
Potato 166 / 120
Raddish 160 / 120
Raddish 160 / 120 140 / 100 160 / 120 70 / 50 140 / 100 150 / 100

occupation, the minister added.

Khasawneh meets with

ILO mission

Secretary-General of the

Ministry of Labour Saleh Kha-

sawneh later met with the ILO

mission and called on the orga-

nisation to assist the Arab work-

ers, especially through vocational

training, to help them over come

the negative effects of Israel's

Commission on Jerusalem Favez

Jaber presented the mission with

a detailed report on Israel's treat-

ment of Arab workers. The report focuses light on forced labour in Israeli factories and

other Arab grievances.
Secretary-General of the Fed-

eration of Jordanian Labour Un-

ions Samir Qarden later handed

the ILO mission a report on

Israeli violations of human rights

and workers rights. The report

draws attention to the eviction of

Palestinians from their farmlands

and the deportation of Arab

workers. It also refers to Israel's

Secretary-General of the Royal

Princess Basma heads population panel meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Tuesday chaired a meeting of the National Committee on Population to discuss the committee's population issues. future activities.

The committee was recently formed by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai to address population and

The population committee will be headquartered at the Queen . Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF), which is chaired by Princess

Minister of Labour and Social Development Rashid Ureikat attended the meeting and thanked the Princess for her interest in

The committee groups the sec-retaries general of the ministries of education, higher education, health, awqaf, planning, the directors of the Department of Statistics and the Civil Registration Department and representatives of the Jordanian universities, women unions and the Armed Forces.

Seminar tackles problems in agricultural marketing

AQABA (Petra) — Minister of faced chronic agricultural prob-Agriculture Marwan Hmoud lems despite all previous mea-Tuesday opened a seminar here on agricultural marketing policies and marketing problems. In his address to the opening session, the minister underlined the importance of exchanging ideas on solving agricultural marketing

The government will pursue all efforts in supporting this sector and cooperate with private and public agricultural organisations and federations to belp achieve

the best results, be said.

sures to end them. He said that the Ministry of Agriculture be-lieved research should be done to overcome the marketing prob-lems which have plagued Jordan for years. Participants in the three-day seminar will discuss prospects for working out a new policy for marketing Jordan's produce locally and abroad.

The seminar has been organised by the Ministry of Agriculture, in cooperation with the Unthe best results, be said.

Hmoud said that Jordan still tional Development (USAID).

JVFA chief urges continued government support of farmers

NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordanian and Moroccan trade officials

Tuesday reviewed ways to develop economic and trade links

between Jordan and Morocco. During their meeting here, the Jordanian delegation, headed by Secretary-General of the Minis-

try of Industry and Trade Mohammad Al Saqqaf, and the Moroccan delegation headed by Mohammad Akdira, discussed

Tourism minister reviews ties with envoys

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Tourism Zuhair Al Ajlouni Tuesday reviewed with the ambassadors of Sndan and China

scopes of cooperation in tourism. At a meeting with Sudanese Amhassador to Jordan Mahjoub Radwan, Ajlouni expressed

Jordan's readiness to provide Sudan with expertise in the field of

tourism. In another meeting with Chinese Ambassador to Jordan

Zhang Zhen, the minister discussed means of enhancing bilateral

AMMAN (Petra) - The Executive Board of the General

Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce today bolds a

meeting to discuss final accounts, a draft law on trade and

representation in the Social Security Corporation's board of

directors. Also on the agenda for discussion are bolding a Jordanian industrial exhibition in Riyadh at the end of March and

standardising the certificate of origin. In addition, the board will

prepare for the forthcoming meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Saudi

Economic Committee, due to convene on Feb. 9 and prospects

for establishing a joint Arab-Spanish chamber of commerce.

Jordan attends Khartoum health seminar

IRBID (Petra) — The Jordan University of Science and Technol-

ogy (TUST) will take part in an international conference on the effects of hot climate on general health which opens in Khartoum

today. The five-day conference will focus in particular on the

effects of hot weather on workers' health and morale. Dr. Atallah

Rabieh from the Health Ministry represents Jordan at the

AMMAN (Petra) — A four-day training seminar for heads of municipal councils in Irbid Governorate will be held at Yarmouk

University on Jan. 30, the Ministry of Municipal and Rural

Affairs and the Environment announced Tuesday. The participants, the announcement added, will learn about the role of the

Cities and Villages Development Bank (CVDB) in financing

municipal projects, laws and regulations on public works and

tenders and financing municipal projects through different

IRS representative to assist

Americans with tax matters

Irbid officials to undergo training

cooperation in tourism through exchanging expertise.

Commerce board meets today

Jordan, Morocco discuss trade links

proposals for marketing both countries commodities.

AMMAN (J.T.) - President of maileh noted. the Jordan Valley Farmers Association (JVFA) Adel Shamaileb held a press conference here Tnesday to sum up the agricultural situation in the valley during the past year.

Shamaileh spoke about the agricultural patterns system which has been in force for the past three years, and said it was needed in order to regulate the production and ensure the marketing of agricultural pro-ducts. Valley farmers have been cooperating with the Ministry of Agriculture in implementing this system, but it is still not applied in some parts of the region, Sba-

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He expressed hope that the government would help the JVFA set up its own fund to help farmers affected by natural disasters, as well as speed up the process of rescheduling farmers' debts to the various public lending agencies.

Sbamaileb also urged the government to set up a pricing system for all primary materials used by farmers, like fertilisers and seeds, so that the cost of production would be reduced.

He said, the JVFA bas so far made available a total of JD 3,610,196 in loans to its 4,685

Queen chairs meeting to review | Jordan urges U.N. to conditions in Balqa Governorate investigate Israel's seizure of

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Tuesday chaired a meeting at the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) to review health and environmental conditions in the Balga Governorate; and the implementation of a project supervised by the foundation to green rural regions.

Balqa Governor Mijhem Khreisha submitted a working paper and spoke on efforts to remove litter from agricultural areas. This waste is normally left behind by vacationers during the winter season. Khreisba also reported on

damage resulting from the use of manure in fertilisation, which causes breeding of flies and other harmful insects.

At the end of the meeting, two committees were formed, one of which will study and report on conditions in South Shuneh in the

The committee will then submit proposals for improving the roads and public utilities in the



Her Majesty Queen Noor Tuesday chairs a meeting at the Noor Al Hussein Foundation to review health and environmental conditions in Balqa Governorate (Petra photo)

The other committee will present priorities for development in the Jordan Valley.

The meeting was attended by Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'onf Al Rawabdeh, NHF

Director-General In'am Al Mufti, the presidents of the Jordan Valley Authority, the Tourism Authority, the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature, the South Shuneh mayor and other

UNESCO meeting underlines need to eradicate illiteracy in Arab World

AMMAN (J.T.) - The regional ESCO for its contribution to office of the United Nations Edu- cultural development in the Arab cational, Scientific and Cultural region, and for its efforts to eradi-Organisation (UNESCO) in Amman Tuesday opened a three-day meeting on eradicating illiteracy in the Arah World by the year 2000.

Secretary-General of the Ministry of Education Radi Waqfi, in his opening address to the meeting, underlined the need for generalising basic education and eliminating illiteracy in all Arab countries, so as to promote economic, scientific and cultural development throughout the Arah

Wagfi paid tribute to UN-

tries experiences in education will be reviewed by the participants. In addition, the meeting will focus on regional cooperation UNESCO Regional Director Mohammad 1brahim Kazem also and coordination with UNESCO in implementing educational

spoke at the meeting's opening programmes. and reviewed all efforts being The meeting's resolutions and made to promote education in recommendations will be submit-Arab countries. ted to a general meeting by UN-In the first session, the partici-ESCO experts late in the year, pants discussed a report by Dr. according to a UNESCO source. Shukry Abbas Hilmi from Egypt

The delegations represent Joron generalising basic education and providing education to illiterdan, Sudan, Syria, Morocco, Egypt, North Yemen, UNESCO Working papers from the UNand the Arab League Educational, Scientific and Cultural Orga-ESCO office on primary educa-tion and a report on Arab coun-nisation (ALESCO).

Women's federation holds charity dish to aid Palestinian women in occupied territories

Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Today has been named the Palestinian Women's Day, and you can enjoy Arabic goodies including homemade sweets, pastries and even hot Arabic dishes while contributing to a good cause: improving the conditions of Palestinian women living under Israeli occupation.

The "charity dish," organised by the General Federation of Jordanian Women, includes large amounts of food made mostly by the women themselves. According to Hiyam Abu Ghazaleh, head of the federation's bbrary and documentation centre, volunteers have either cooked the food at bome or bought items to be sold at the bazaar. Abu Ghazaleh said that a number of factories and private companies have also donated canned foods and

The federation decided last week to trame Jan. 27 as Palestinian Women's Day and to hold the charity dish. The food sale is one way to collect money to

support the steadfastness of the Palestinian women in the occupied territories, Abu Ghazaleh told the Jordan Times. She said that the federation had sent letters to all public and private establishments in Amman to don-ate money for Palestinian

"What is happening now in the occupied territories is a national revolution, and every revolution needs to be financially and moralall those concerned if it is to continue," according to Abu Ghazalch. She added that the Palestinians needed financial support especially in order to continue the workers strike.

"And moral support is neces-sary so that they know that we in Jordan care about the continuation of their uprising. Jordan is the closest country to Palestine culturally and geographically, and it is our duty to support them," she commented. Abu Gbazaleh noted that various organisations in Jordan were supporting sister organisations in the

occupied territories, and that, likewise, the women's federation here should support the Palestinian women living under Israeli

Ahu Ghazaleh expressed appreciation to all the women who volunteered in cooking and buying the food for the hazaar. 'So many women have called us in the past few days to ask what they could do to help, and many of them have donated money,

The food sale includes an exhibition of photographs and depictions of newspaper columns on the Palestinian tiprising, as well as some Palestinian embroidery. Last year, the federation held

the charity dish in support of Iraq, and over JD 3,000 was donated. In 1986, JD 1,750 and a large number of blankets were donated during the charity dish for assisting victims of famine and war in Sudan. This year, Abu Ghazaleh ex-

pects at least JD 4,000 - 5,000 to be collected for Palestinian women living under Israeli occupation.

Israeli troops shoot and wound Arab, continue beatings

In Arab Jerusalem, stores were

closed for the 20th day in a row.

Left-wing Israeli parliamenta-

rians meanwhile assailed the de-fence minister, Yitzhak Rabin,

over his policy of "might, power and beating" to quell the Palesti-mian uprising.

Right-wingers on parbament's defence and foreign affairs com-mittee had to defend Rahin

against criticism from his own

Lahour Party colleagues and opposition leftists at a stormy

closed-door session, participants

diers severely beating Arabs.

Rabin at one point threatened to

The beatings have drawn inter-

Hospitals and medical workers

say at least 200 residents have

been treated for broken limbs

since Rabin announced the beat-

Shulamit Aloui, leader of the

left-wing Citizens' Rights Move-

ment, said after visiting the West Bank town of Ramallah, scene of

several beatings: "I am convinced

the beatings have been wide-

spread. We're not talking about

an exception bere or there,

although they may be less fre-

quent now than they were at

Eban of Labour this week blasted

national condemnation, including

some from leaders of the power-

ful U.S. Jewish community.

walk out, they said.

ings policy last week.

Confronted with reports of sol-

(Continued from page 1)

armed with clubs and taken be-

wall, Hollander reported.

"Don't do anything, there are journalists present," a soldier shonted to his comrades behind the wall.

stand up, they instinctively raised their hands to shield their beads from hlows. Three residents of the Jeru-

salem neighbourhood of Silwan, lving with severe facial injuries in Ramallah hospital, said troops took them from their homes at 1:30 a.m. Monday and beat them

said his house and car were also wrecked by troops and Shin Bet

of Arab Jerusalem, placed under an unprecedented curfew last weekend, troops firing tear-gas fought running hattles with Palestinians using slingshots Clashes were also reported in the Shuafat neighbourhood.

In the Gaza Strip, demonstra-tors threw petrol bombs and stones at troops during a brief break in a curfew that has been in force for two weeks, army radio

The Palestine Press Service said a leaflet distributed over the weekend calling for a general he waves." strike was only partly observed.
Stores in Nablus, the largest
town in the occupied West Bank,

Arab Labour parliamentarian Abdul Wahab Darawshe resigned from the party calling Rabin a and Al Ram 15 kilometres north murderer.

headed for the United States Tuesday after the Israeli prime minister, Yitzhak Shamir, bowed to American pressure and lifted a three-month travel ban, Israel

Shultz will meet Hanna Siniora, editor of the daily Al Fajr later this week, the radio reported. 1srael originally rejected Siniora's request to participate in a meeting of Jewish, Christian, and Muslim religious leaders in Washington and clamped a travel ban on him, claiming he was a

"security" risk. Israeli authorities have detained Siniora, twice recently, once because he called for a Palestinian boycott of the Israeli economy and again after he published an interview with Palestidid not clear military censorship. official.

"He has fresh ideas, hut we don't get the impression that it's a nian leader Yasser Arafat which full, integrated plan," said the

Arab-Israeli conflict.

The resolution "seems to be

stalling at the moment," Shultz said in testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which is bolding bearings on ratification of the intermediate-

Shultz mentioned the Gulf as part of an overview of U.S.-Soviet bilateral relations.

Little progress was apparent.

water in occupied territories AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Tuesday urged a United resources, the destruction of Palestinian national industries, Nations fact-finding mission to investigate and rethe employment of young Arabs port on Israel's seizure of Arab water resources in in factories to deprive them of their education and the inhuman

treatment of workers. The report calls on the ILO to provide protection to the Arab labourers.

Later, the ILO mission received a report from the Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs which gives more details about the deteriorating conditions of Arab workers living under Israeli rule. The report said that the Israeli authorities had expropriated nearly 51 per cent of Arabowned land in the West Bank and Gaza Strip since the 1967 war. and prohibited the establishment of new industries in the Arab territories with the intention of absorbing Palestinian lahourers into Israeli factories.

The Ministry of Labour and Social Development also submitted a report to the mission outlining the negative effects of Israeli practices and its mistreatment of Arab workers, in particular. The report also gives details about unemployment among Palestinians, and the Israeli settlements on Arab land since 1967, which now number 237,

The mission memhers said that they would submit to the ILO storming of workers unions headquarters a report aimed at offices, the imposition of beavy ensuring the rights of the Arab taxes on Arab workers, the con- workers according to the orgafiscation of Arab land and water nisation's principles.



Minister of Labour and Social Development Rashid Ureikat Tuesday discusses with an ILO mission the conditions of Palestinian workers in the occupied territories (Petra photo)

EEC to support primary health care facilities in Karak Governorate

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Commis- and supplementary equipment recently approved a grant of one million ECU's (roughly JD 427,300) to belp improve primary health care facilities in the Karak Governorate.

the occupied territories.

The call was voiced by Minister

of Labour and Social Develop-

ment Rashid Ureikat at a meeting

bere with a two-member mission

sent by the Geneva-based Inter-

national Labour Organisation (ILO) to investigate the condi-

tions of Arah workers in the

Ureikat said Israel's practice of

confiscating water was creating

imbalances in the Arab social and

economic structure, forcing the Arab territories to be linked to

The minister referred to last

year's 1LO report on the condi-

tion of Arab workers under

Israeli rule which indicated that

limited number of Arab workers

were being employed on a daily

basis at Israeli construction and

farming businesses, while the

majority of workers were left

Ureikat urged the mission to

include in their report the subject of Israel's colonisation of Arab

territory and its confiscation of

Arab agricultural land. He said

he hoped the mission would focus

on these practices which adverse-

ly affect the lives of all Palesti-

The ongoing Palestinian upris-ing in the occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip emphasises the

depth of the suffering of the

Palestinian people living under Israeli rule and draws attention to

the occupation anthorities' rep-

ressive measures against the in-

digenous population, the minister

He said that the ILO should

shoulder its bumanitarian respon-

sibility by working to end the suffering of the Palestinians and

towards the establishment of a

The ILO's 1987 report, the

minister pointed out, contained

extensive information about the

conditions of Arab labourers and

the deteriorating conditions in the occupied territories, in

Israel's arbitrary measures are continuing unabated, and the

labourers are being exploited to serve the ambitions of the Israeli

nians living under Israeli rule.

occupied territories.

srael's economy.

This assistance, granted under the European Economic Com-munity (EEC)/Jordan Coopera-equipment will be procured tion Agreement, is intended to support the Jordanian government's strategy for improving the range, quality and effectiveness of the country's rural medical services at the primary health

The EEC-financed project focuses on building four new primassistance of an engineer/ ary bealth care centres in the architect hired by the EEC, will villages of Moab, Tayybeb, Smaqqyeh and Raquin; rehabilitating a primary health care centre in Rabba, so as to provide medical treatment for women and children, supplying basic medical

(Continued from page 1)

obviously a welcome idea."
"Until there's calm, people won't want to sit down and talk,"

added the official who spoke to

reporters in Washington on con-

dition of anonymity.

The official said Mubarak's

visit, his first since September

1985, "was especially timely" be-

cause the violence in the West

Bank and Gaza Strip "adds

urgency to the need to move forward on the peace process."

But he cautioned not to expect

much from the talks, saying he is

just one of those involved in the

Mubarak secures British support

efforts.

sion of the European Community for three centres in Mazar, Safi nical assistance to supervise civil

The construction of the health centre buildings will be carried out by local contractors following equipment will be procured through international invitation to tender. The Jordanian government will be responsible for providing fully-developed sites, supplying each of the centres with a complete medical team and paying the running costs. The Ministry of Health, with the ensure overall supervision of the project. The construction work is due to take from 12 to 18 months. Some 80,000 people (68% of

the rural population in the Karak Governorate) are expected to beequipment to four health centres nefit from this project. It should

urge Reagan and Secretary of

State George Shultz to increase

U.S. involvement in peace

But U.S. officials say high-profile U.S. involvement is not

likely in an election year in the

very carefully what we can do to

improve the situation in the Mid-

dle East," said the State Depart-ment official. "What the possibi-

lities are in the present environ-

ment is a little hard to say, but the

secretary is determined to leave

Mubarak is expected to press

Reagan and other officials for

U.S. support of the proposal for

But State Department officials

have pointed out that Israel's

coalition government is divided, with hardline Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir opposing an interna-

tional peace conference, and

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres

Shamir sent an envoy to

Washington this week, cabinet

secretary Elyakim Rubinstein, to

discuss the subject and bolster

Israel's image among the U.S.

A Mubarak idea likely to be

welcomed is a proposal for Israel

to balt all settlement activity in

administration and public.

the occupied territories.

an international conference.

no stone unturned."

favouring it.

"The administration is thinking

United States and Israel.

new ones owned by the Ministry of Health. The main beneficiaries of the new operational centres will be

those with low incomes who are entirely dependent upon the Ministry of Health for their health care — this applies espe-cially to women and children. It is hoped that the project will reduce the mortality (a child mortality rate of 60/1,000 in 1985) and sickness rate and cut the costs of health services by providing an alternative to the more expensive central hospitals.

have a direct impact on the quali-

ty, range and effectiveness of the

primary health care centres once

the inadequate buildings, cur-

rently rented, are replaced by

The project forms part of a joint EEC/Italy programme of assistance to Karak Governorate's health facilities. The Italian government is contributing funds to build a new central hospital in Karak, providing training for nurses and supplying technical assistance for the health sector.



Dajloni Ibn Tayyeb

New Air France chief assumes office in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) - Dailoul Ibn Tayyeh, an Algerian national, has assumed his new duties as regional director of Air France in

Dajloui bas broad experience in tourism, public relations, and marketing. His assumption of duties in Amman will contribute to developing and promoting tourist relations between Jordan

Before his transfer to Amman. Dajloul was serving as regional director of Air France in

and France.

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citizens and "green card" holders The IRS representative will be located in the consular section of the American embassy here

where tax forms and publications can be obtained.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Amer-

ican embassy has announced that

a representative of the Interoal

Revenue Service (IRS) will visit

Amman on Feb. 28, 29 and

March 1, 1988 to answer ques-

tions and provide assistance in

preparing 1987 U.S. Federal In-

come Tax Returns for American

office in Riyadh, Saudi Arahia, now has a full-time taxpayer service specialist on staff to answer telephone and written inquiries.

In Amman, American citizens and green card holders with income tax enquiries can call telephone 644371 ext. 238; or call Riyadh at the direct telephone number (00966) (1) 488-3800 ext.

Written enquiries sbould be addressed to: Revenue Service Representative, American Embassy — IRS, P.O. Box 9041, In addition, the IRS regional Riyadh 11413, Saudi Arabia.

staff, said the army would reimpose far-reaching curfews and beat protesters if demonstrations persisted, Israel Radio reported.

Reuter photographer Jim Hol-lander witnessed a demonstration at the Jalazouu refugee camp. north of Jerusalem, in which an Arah was driven away by soldiers hind a wall where be screamed in

Six or seven other boys, includ-ing one who seemed barely 10 years old, were taken behind the

Reporters were later allowed to see the boys. When asked to

all night. One of the men, a taxidriver,

In the Al-Tur neighbourhood

"the defence minister's angry rhetoric and the wretched baton

A Palestinian newspaper editor of Jerusalem remained sbut

Radio reported. Secretary of State George

Iraq reaffirms acceptance of 598

(Continued from page 1) The United States has been urging the Soviet Union to go along with such an embargo in order to force Iran into ending its war with Iraq.

The five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council have been bolding consultations for several mouths on such sanctions without result. U.S. officials have publicly refused to concede defeat, but have privately expressed their frustration. Committee chairman Ahha

range nuclear forces treaty.

Top-ranking U.N. officials met

with diplomats from Iran and Iraq Monday to discuss the stalled initiative to end the war.

Jordan Times

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Unity for sports; why not for peace?

THERE is little doubt that the 1988 Olympic Games in Seoul will be unique in recent history, since a record 161 nations are taking part in the event. No doubt, such overwhelming participation is a direct result of the growing warmth in East-West relations. Haggling over one issue or another has always been a hallmark of success or failure for international sports events, particularly the Olympics, and we are glad to note that many nations have decided to bury their differences and go to

At the same time, we are sadly reminded of the ongoing uprising of our brothers and sisters in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip for whom Olympics and a trip to the moon are one and same, as they strain against the chains of Israel's occupation and continue to sacrifice lives in their battle for liberation and independence. More ironically, we cannot ignore the fact that if the same spirit that takes the big powers of the world to Seoul prevailed in the Middle East, we would not have to live through the agony and suffering that the region is witnessing today. We can only wish that such a spirit of understanding and an acceptance of the inevitability of the course of justice by the superpowers and the international community would go beyond the tracks of the Seoul stadium and reach across to the land of Palestine where injustice is the order of the day.

There is indeed an increasing awareness among nations that one party, and one party alone — Israel — is defying all international norms of conduct and behaviour and applying the power of muscles and bullets to subdue an oppressed people, thus undermining all prospects for a just solution to the Palestinian problem. That awareness should be translated into practical deeds leading the way towards a concrete stand representing all people of the world who believe in justice and peace, and into firm action reflecting the will of the international community to put an end to Israel's tyranny and oppression.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: President hails summit

IN an interview with the editors of the Jordanian Arabie language dailies, Iraqi President Saddam Hussein hailed the Arab summit meeting beld in Amman last November, and said the dialogue in that summit enabled the Arab beads of states to arrive at a general consensus and agreement on future steps. The president said that the Arab countries ought to maintain the spirit of that summit in their dealings with nne another and in handling issues nf concern to all the Arab countries. The president considered the Amman summit as a starting point for joint action in the face of all hostile forces and threats posed against the Arab Nation. President Hussein described Jordan's relations with Iraq as exemplary and one that maintained its strength when the Arab Nation was divided and in disarray. Nn Arab country, the president said, can be safe from external threat and dangers which should be confronted altogether and in nne accord. He said that Irag's success means protectinn for the whole Arab Nation against foreign invasinn and expansion. For Iraq, Inrdan is not any other Arab country, but it is rather another home for the Iraqis and one that continues to back Iraq in its endeavours by word and deed. In his interview the president said that the spirit of the Arab summit and the exemplary relations between Jordan and Iraq should prevail throughout the Arab World and that all-out Arab efforts should be made for joint confrontation of the common enemy.

Al Dustour: President talks frankly

PRESIDENT Saddam Hussein of Iraq spoke frankly to the editors of the local Jordanian Arabic language newspapers, tackling issues of concern to the Arab people and the situation at the front. Referring to the extraordinary Arab summit of last November, the president said it was a unique opportunity that enabled the Arabs to open fruitful and constructive dialogues for the sake of arriving at agreement and consensus on a number of important problems. The president said that the Iraqi armed forces are now stronger than at any time in the past and that the small Iranian attacks here and there were meant as a show to the world that the Tehran regime is still determined to fight in defiance of all principles and peace initiatives. The continued successes of the Iraqi armed forces bave been instrumental in gaining more and more support for Iraq throughout the Arab World specially in the Gulf states which have come to realise that Iran remains the major source of danger to the Arab nation as a whole. The president said that Iran remains esponsible for the presence of the foreign navies in the Gulf because of its threats to Gulf states and international navigation. The foreign navies the president noted, did not help in any way in forcing Iran to implement U.N. Security Council resolution 598 to end the conflict. The president's statements to the Jordanian journalists were comprehensive and frank, covering all issues of concern to the Arabs and their

Sawt Al Shaab: Solidarity needed

SOLIDARITY among Arab countries is needed now more than at any time in the past in view of the continued repressive measures practised against the Arah people in the occupied Arab lands. Solidarity should be coupled by a world wide offensive to expose Israeli practices and seek an international peace conference to end occupation and bring about peace in the region. The present world situation is favourable for Arab diplomatie offensives which can achieve a breakthrough and bring pressure on Israel to stop its arbitrary practices against the Arab population under its rule. The extraordinary Arab summit meeting beid in Amman last November succeeded in bringing about consensus and agreement among the Arabs who ought to follow up on that summit's resolutions by presenting their case to the world, seeking a just solution. We are encouraged by the successful Arab foreign ministers' meeting held in Tunis and hope that a committee formed by that meeting will spearhead efforts in the international arena for achieving Arab aims.

GUEST COLUMN

By Dr. Ahmad Majdoubeh

The truth about the Yarmouk graduates

IN A SOCIETY like ours, where bearsay plays a decisive role m shaping public opinion, myths tend to bave more impact than facts. A most recent example is the pernicious, widespread misconception concerning the Yarmouk graduates: The latter are not only spoiled and crass but also virtually illiterate. The English majors, the myth goes, are so pathetic they cannot speak, read, or write; do not know how to spell "because," a friend complained to me half-jokingly; and, as a "well-informed" literary editor at an Arabie daily lamentingly declares, bave not even heard of Richards and Eliot. The same applies to students of Arabic, Journalism, Economics,

Surely, such statements are trivial. For one thing, they are un more true than the fantastic stories about the citizens of Hebron, Tafilah, or Sarih. Fnr another, they are pure generalisatinns. The terminnlogy the narrators of the stories employ is interesting: They do nnt say "some" Yarmouk students; rather, either "Yarmouk students," thus implying the majority at least, or at times even "all Yarmouk students." Of course, such rhetoric is ludicrous. No one in his/her right mind would believe that the graduates of a certain institution are all poor. And yet, sadly enough, people believe. And unt nuly the society's idle-talkers, but in fact those whose upinion in the end counts: The education "experts," the employers, the media people and - ironically - some of the students and staff members at Yarmouk itself.

Harmful conclusion

Fnr this reason, nne cannnt simply dismiss the statements as innocent nr silly, for they are in fact harmful. Not nnly do they cause obvinus damage to the university's image and the students' mnrale, but they also reflect negatively on the graduates' employ-ment and educational opportunities. Higher education programmes and hiring agencies, in Jurdan and some neighbouring countries, frown at applicants from Yarmnuk.

When the said editor made his remarkable discovery — that Yarmnuk and Inrdan University students knnw nothing about Richards' and Eliot's critical works — the English Department at Yarmouk, upon an inquiry from the president, debated whether to respond or not. The final, and unanimous, decision by those present was to ignnre the questinn entirely: The charge, nn matter how you look at it, is absolutely nonsensical. First, we do teach Richards and Elint. Second, with due respect to the editor's "knnwledge," Richards and Elint are nnt the two most important critics in the twentieth century. Third, our friend is nbviously an nutsider to university education, and his words reflect some serious ignorance nn bis part: We nn longer (thank God) fill student heads with names and sterile information; rather, we aim to provide them with the necessary reading and critical skills. Fourth, on university

in the world teaches all authors or all texts: One has got to be selective. And so on, and so forth.

The point to underscore here is the arbitrariness and unreliability of our society's conception of the Yarmouk graduates. How do people judge the latter's level of competence? Is it by listening to what others say about them? By talking to one, two, three of them? Has any serious research been conducted on the issue? Furthermore, is interviewing — assuming that a representative sample has actually been interviewed — a sufficient means for evaluating someone's education? How does one measure the student's performance in a subject as elusive as literature or as complex as language learning? Further still, are the people passing judgment (especially in the miserably hypocritical universe of the Arab Warld) themselves qualified in judge? Despite the spread of educatinn, our Arab societies have not reached the stage where their citizens (the intelligentsia included) take discourse seriously. It is indeed quite an irony that the way some nf our "learned" friends think and talk is not much different from that of the most illiterate grandmothers in nnr society.

No smoke without fire

I do not mean to paint a glarinus picture of Yarmouk, nor do I aim to deem everything people say about it false. Rather, I am calling for a more realistic, thought out, and educated position. Yes, on the one hand, no smoke without fire. There are at Yarmouk, and in each of its departments, students who are

virtually hopeless. And these are of two distinct types. There are, first, those carefree and irresponsible individuals, some of whom come from privileged social and academic backgrounds, who spend the four years hanging nut in cliques to gossip and tn make fun nf their diligent peers. Even though they have the potential to excel, they seem to bave an mativatian to learn. They do the bare minimum, ennugh to get by. Clearly, such students are a burden to the university and to society.

The second group comprises those who find themselves in the wrong department. They discover early on that they have ebosen the wrong field of study, and yet they feel obliged to stick it out: Either because their daddy will shoot them if they do not major in the subject he likes, or because, for job reasons nr prestige, they prefer a D in one specialisation tn an A in another. These students have the motivation but not the ability. They are like spoiled tomatoes: Wash them, dry them, boil them, fry them, freeze them, squeeze them, they remain spoiled,

Both groups make unimpressive graduates. However, their number is not as overwhelming as some would have us believe. Moreover, and as some people seem to have forgotten, the university graduates some of the best students in the whole region. I find at Yarmouk students who are as good as those in the best colleges in the world: Highly motivated, conscientions, and brilliant. In the English Department, there are students whose English is first class. They comprehend, tead, speak, and write beautifully. It is really unjust to discriminate against them

Figures speak

In an average class in the English Department (the situation in other departments is not much different), this is what you get 10 per cent are outstanding students, 25 per cent good, 35 fair, and 30 per cent good. poor. If we weigh Yarmouk against similar institutions, this statistical picture looks, believe it or not, quite normal. However. we do not, and ought not to, compare ourselves with mediacre or even satisfactory schools. In this society, we always aspire to be the best. Jordan, though a developing country, has achieved remarkable success in education and has played, quite ably and effectively. the role of the leader and the adviser (i.e. to some neighbouring countries) in this area for decades. It is only natural and healthy, therefore, for us to demand high-quality graduates. And this is why we find, and rightly so, the first and last statistical items above truly

At the same time, we ought to be mature and realistic in our conception of the problems we face and the abilities we possess. The reasons why Yarmouk does not live up to our expectations are plausible and tangible. Under the circumstances, we cannot expect more from this university. Yarmouk is bately eleven years old: In fact, its permanent (local) faculty members started arriving only five years ago. As a result, and until now, there are still some serious administrative and academic problems facing its development. Additionally, Yarmouk is not an elite establishment: It is what you might call a people's university. It admits a large number of applicants, especially from rural areas, who are significantly less competitive than those from Amman and the major cities. Furthermore, the classes, despite their gradual decrease, are still

Finally, no one is as acutely and painfully aware of the need to upgrade the quality of the graduates as Yarmouk itself. This realisation alone is significant. However, the university is not silent. and one can already detect positive signs; Admission is getting tougher, slowly but steadily; staff members are gaining experience and getting to know the students better, curricula are being better adapted to the students' needs; and a form of tradition, so essential to the well-being of any school, is beginning to emerge.

Dr. Majdoubeh is on the Faculty of the English Language Department of the Yarmonk University. He contributed this article

Contrasting reactions to Reagan's last year

By Patrick Worsnip Reuter

LONDON - Few American presidents could have evoked such contrasting reactions nutside the United States as Ronald Reagan, who this week entered

his last year in nffice.

Tn Washington's allies in Europe and Asia, Reagan is the man wbn, despite some disagreements, gave them strong leadership, standing up to the Soviet Union while at the same time negotiating for realistic and farreaching arms control accords. Ironically, a Reuter survey shows, some of the most upbeat assessments of Reagan come from the Soviet Union itself, a land be nnce branded an "evil empire." The comments appeared to retween the U.S. president and Snviet leader Mikbail Gor-

bachev. But fir large areas of the Third World, especially Arab and Latin American states, the Reagan presidency has meant seven lean years. Officials in these countries said they felt U.S. prestige had waned during his term of office.

Reagan's standing with his allies suffered two blows over the past year with the "Irangate" scandal, in which proceeds from covert arms sales in Iran were said in have gone to contra rebels in Nicaragua, and the Octnber stock market crash.

Irangate was seen as contradicting a proclaimed U.S. policy of not negotiating with bostage-takers, while the Wall Street crash, widely blamed nn ballooning U.S. budget and trade deficits, seemed to indicate a lack of financial will-power.

But comments from European officials suggested that Reagan's signing nf a medium-range missile (INF) treaty with the Soviet Uninn last month had gone some way to repairing the damage and dispelled fears that be could no

onger deal with Moscow. Michaela Geiger, a spokes-wnman for West German Chan-cellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democrat Party, said: "President Reagan enjoys nur esteem in the federal republic.

"Even the SPD and Greens (nppositinn parties), whn bave been bostile in President Reagan for years, have to admit that his course of firmness... has paid of in the way of the INF treaty."

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has also staunchly defended Reagan as a vigorous leader despite bis traubles, although she and other British ministers have voiced dissatisfaction with White House economic

Officials of conservative European governments make little secret of their preference for Reagan over his predecessor Jimmy Carter, whose wavering policies, they say, led to Soviet ex-pansion in the Third World and bumiliation by Iran. But public views of Reagan

may be different from those of political leaders. Cartoonists and satirical broadcasters in Britain and France regularly portray the former actor as a bumbling old man, still living in his Hollywood past and unable to grasp the

issues his aides present him Some academics also see him

as a weakened figure. Rinjiro Sodei, a politics prnfessor at Hosei University in Tokyo, noted that most U.S. presidents become "lame ducks" in their last year or two of tenure. "I call President Reagan a 'sit-

worse position fallowing the defeat in the 1986 mid-term (congressional) elections," be said. An official Chinese magazine, Peking Review, said Reagan's inconsistency at the 1986 U.S.-Soviet summit in Reykjavik and the Irangate affair bad lost America the trust of old allies.
"His image in history has been

ting duck' because be is in a

tarnished," it said. "Instead of a strong and bonest leader, Reagan flect the new-found warmth be- is perceived as deficient, with a poor grasp of policy and a detached management style."
In Moscow, by contrast, Boris

Korolyov, chief of the North American Department of the Novnsti press agency, said Reagan had the strength to go nn working for new major disarmament agreements. "As I see it, this makes him

strnnger as a man and as a poblical leader because, in the twilight nf his political career, be has a major task ahead and will do everything possible to see it through before be steps aside." But in Latin America, officials

bave been disillusioned with what they see as Reagan's insensitivity to national pride in the region, his emphasis on farce rather than persuasinn, and his nbsession

with Nicaragua. Costa Rican President Oscar Arias, who won the 1987 Nabel Peace Prize for a plan to end the civil wars in Central America, said in a recent interview: "As long as Washington is con-

vinced that the nnly way to achieve peace in Nicaragua is by military aid to the contras, the administration will remain isolated by all of Latin America." The disenchantment is shared in the Arab Wurld, where the Reagan administration has hardened the image of the United

biased in favour of Israel. "The Gulf states may feel mnre secure with the U.S. flag protect-ing their ships, but they feel uneasy over the large American fleet on their doorstep," said an

States as an interloper strongly

Arab envoy. "In terms of the hostages in Lebanon and the Arab-Israeli conflict, Reagan appears ill-informed and unable to produce a coberent and equitable foreign policy.

Looking to the future, analysts in several countries said Reagan's best bope of success was a strategic arms agreement with the Soviet Uninn. But they said Reagan faced increasing difficulties at home, with in-fighting gaining intensity as the presidential elections approached.

"The most difficult single problem is less Reagan himself than the possibility of confusion in American politics," said William Wallace, deputy director of Britain's Royal Institute of Interna-

Palestinian radio gains mass audience, spurs uprising

By Paul Taylor

TEL AVIV — A new Palestinian radio station believed tn be broadcasting from Syria bas gained a mass audience among Arabs in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, fanning an uprising against Israeli occupation to the alarm of Israeli nificials.

"This is radio Al Quds (Jerusalem), the station for the liberation of the land and the man," says the call-sign, first beard on January I. The station features patriotic

Palestinian music and poetry and a combination of n views, statements by resistance groups in the occupied territories, and calls in Hebrew in Israeli troops to lay down their arms. "Everyone is listening to it.

More than anything else, this station makes people feel proud, it raises their spirits," said Daoud Kuttab, a Palestinian journalist in East Jerusalem.

A random sampling of taxis, offices and bomes in Jerusalem and Gaza suggests the stating has acquired a big following.

Interview with deportees

Amnng the highlights have been an interview with four Palestinian activists expelled by Israel to South Lebanon earlier this month, conducted in the Syrian-controlled Bekaa Valley.

The radio has also broadcast instructions in a child's voice to Palestinian children nn bow to

propel stones with catapults and slingshnts. They are riding this wave of

vinlence that's going on in the territuries, broadcasting anti-Israeli poison," said Edmund Saheik, head of Israel radio's Arabic broadcasting.

Israeli troops have killed 39 Palestinians and wounded more. than 500 with gunfire and beatings since violent anti-Israeli protests erupted in the occupied territories nn December 9.

The station, easily picked up on medium wave (AM) through-out Israel, the West Bank and Gaza Strip, has not declared any political affiliation or said where it is broadcasting from

One Palestinian in the Gaza Strip said be believed it was being transmitted secretly from somewhere in Jerusalem, others said they thought it came from Sidon, in Lebanon.

Transmitting from Syria?

But an Israeli security source said it was broadcasting from a powerful transmitter in southern Syria, clearly with the backing of the Damascus government. Palestinians say its slngans sug-

est it is run by a Syrian-backed Palestinian group, probably Ahmed Jibril's Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command (PFLP-GC).

But they say the station is unusually non-sectarian.

The PFLP-GC carried nut a spectacular hang-glider raid on northern Israel last November in which a Palestinian suicide fighter flew from Lebanon to an army base near Kiryat Shmona and killed six Israeb soldiers before being shot dead.

One of the Hebrew slogans with which the radio nrges Palestinian demonstrators to tannt Israeli soldiers is: "Kiryat Shmona 6-1."

Israeli officials say they are very worried that the station is so popular among Israel's 650,000 Arab citizens, as well as the 1.5 million Palestinians in the occupied territories.

find it quite encouraging. They said. are broadcasting incitement," a senior Israeli defence official said. "It is hard to measure their infuence, but it is certainly a problem."

The clandestine broadcasters receive up-to-the-minnte reports from helpers inside the occupied territories.

"A new leaflet calling for a strike nr a demonstration appears on the streets in Jerusalem and within a couple of bours it is read

on the radio," one listener said.
The station interviewed Bassam Shaka'a, the deposed mayor of Nablus, at his West Bank home by telephone, presumably from Europe. There are no telephone links between Syria and the occupied territories.

However no Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader has yet been heard and all the broadcasters are anonymous. The radio has begun naming Arab policemen and Arabs worktion in the occupied territories. giving their addresses and even the number of children, and urging them to quit their jobs immediately.

Israeli security sources said the broadcasts appeared to be a direct incitement to attack those

Israel threatens jamming

"One day or another, Israel is going to have to deal with it. We have never in the past jammed radio stations but that is some-"I think those who listen to is thing that could be done," Saheik

> He said most Israeli Arabs and Palestinians in the occurred territories still listened to Israel radio's Arabic broadcasts and watched the Arabic news on Israel television.

> Many also watch Jordanian television, easy to receive throughout Israel and the territories, and listen tn radio stations as far afield as Cairo and Baghdad.

A PLO station broadcasts on short wave from the Iraqi capital. but it is difficult to receive in Israel.

Israeli and Palestinian experts

attribute the new station's success partly to the timing of its launch. "They hit the right moment. People know the East Jerusalem newspapers can't publish much about the uprising because of Israeli censorship, and they hear more propaganda than before on Israel radio, so they switch to Radin Al Quds," Kuttab said.





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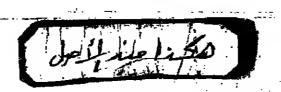
Take-away service







ANDIAN JORDAN



FROM Red Square to Times Square, from the commuter trains of Tokyo to the Australian outback, the world's smokers are on the defensive.

The warnings are everywhere — on cigarette packets, bill-boards and on television — "Caution: Smoking can be hazardous to your health." And if smokers don't get the message, there are laws to keep them from lighting

You can't book a seat in the smoking section on domestic flights in the Soviet Union or Australia. There are none, even on the nine-hour trip from Moscow to the Siberian city of Khabarovsk or the six-hour hop from Sydney to Perth.

Moscow's Red Square is perhaps the only outdoor smoke-less zone in the world, where smoking is banned to show re-spect to Lenin, whose embalmed body lies in a mausoleum there.

In the United States, the Los Angeles suburb of Beverly Hills has passed an ordinance banning smoking from all restaurants and most public areas. Smoking bans have been instituted in San Francisco and will go into effect in New York in April.

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U.S cigarette exports soar

But despite curbs on smoking in the United States — govern-ment health warnings, bans on some flights and in government offices, no television advertising - exports of American-blend cigarettes have never been

About 100 billion U.S. cigarettes were sold abroad last year, finding a \$2 billion market in Japan, Taiwan, Greece and South Africa, among other coun-

"It's a status thing to smoke American-type cigarettes in the Third World," said one tobacco analyst with the U.S. Agriculture Department.

The cachet of the cigarette is a powerful influence in China, where 340 million smokers puff their way through 1.3 thousand billion cigarettes each year.

. Chinese film heroes and glamour queens are often shown brandishing cigarettes, and the offer of a smoke is almost as popular a greeting as a handshake, despite a tentative government plan to discourage the.

Working against the campaign are China's chain-smoking senior leader Deng Xiaoping, who at 83 is a firm advocate of the benefits of smoking, and the state tobacco monopoly, which often puts out information at odds with the ministry of health.

Little opposition in Japan

There is little overt opposition to cigarettes in Japan, although no-smoking areas are set aside in government offices, hospitals, railway carriages and aircraft. Smoking is banned on Tokyo subway stations because of the fire risk and not fear of smokingrelated ailments.

Japanese cigarette packs carry a polite note: "Don't smoke too much, it's bad for your health."

In Belgium, smoking in public

places was recently outlawed. "A lot of people are keeping an eye on each other," a health ministry official said. "If someone lights up in the post office, the person next to him will say, 'excuse me, didn't you know

there's no smoking here?"
In Argentina, where 1.7 million cigarette packs are sold annually, enough for three packs a day for each resident, a newlyfounded anti-tobacco union plans a world tobacco and bealth congress in 1992. Smoking is hanned on public transport in Buenos Aires and no television advertisements for tobacco are allowed before 10 p.m.

But elsewhere in Latin America, TV commercials still show Marlboro man galloping into the sunset, a macho symbol of the glories of tobacco in the American West.

Mariboro cigarettes are popular in Mexico, where pop stars and salsa musicians regularly endorse cigarettes, and people feel no qualms about violating the smoking ban in theatres.

Tobacco-producing Colombia does little to discourage smokers aside from a non-smoker day sponsored by the country's anti-

cancer league.
In Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines, the health benefits of eschewing smoking are often outweighed by the economic power of the cigarette manufacturers. Cigarette companies are major economic forces in all three coun-

and employment.

pushing hard in Asian markets to gain younger smokers.

India, which claims to be the world's largest tobacco producer, has no plans to prohibit smoking, even though as many as a million Indians die each year of tobaccorelated diseases. However, each pack of cigarettes carries a bealth

warning.
Italy's health ministry says it has more urgent priorities, such as a campaign against AIDS and the reorganisation of the health service, but quit-smoking classes are drawing record numbers of people who want to kick the habit.

France torn by controversy

France, the land of Gauloise and Gitane, is torn by the tosmoke-or-not-to-smoke controversy. Tobacco manufacturers have launched a campaign to promote mutual tolerance between smokers and non-smokers.

Aimed at France's 15 million smokers, fuil-page newspaper advertisements warn "he who sows intolerance reaps the tem-

In Norway, the government discomfits smokers with "public awareness" campaigns and high tobacco taxes. But in environment conscious Denmark, parliament recently rejected a proposed smoking ban in government

In East Germany, smoking is banned on some public transport, but there is no concerted campaign against smokers. West Germany has launched a national campaign aimed at reducing teen-

Turkey's health minister is planning to smoke his last cigarette on national television, together with other personalities who bave vowed to give up.

But m Australia, where smoking is banned in government offices, on domestic flights and interstate bus trips, smokers are fighting back.

The freedom of choice and smokers' rights group (known as Fair Go) is putting up a candidate in a coming federal by-election to fight interference from what it calls "the nanny state."
"People who believe in the

freedom of choice, and the princitries, contributing to tax revenues ple of Fair Go, are beartify tired of the harassment of the smoker International health officials which the federal government is have said that Western Tobacco clearly encouraging," a Fair Go. companies, seeking to compen spokeswoman said:



Pregnant smokers: Their unborn children smoke too

Time was when, in India, a healthy body was considered the first requisite for spiritual advance. With the passage of time the holistic approach to health got lost in the way. In the 40 years of independence India has been able to erect a nation-wide grid of health care centres. Much remains to be done but a solid foundation is there to build on. P.K. Umashankar, a special secretary in the Federal Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi, reviews health services in India today.

INDIA has bad a traditional sys- It also provided for establishment tem of health care as part of its of a well-linked referal system at cultural ethos. The Indian system of health care adopted a holistic approach and viewed health as a part of the total life style. The system drew largely upon nature for its curative and healing problems. ft encouraged austere water supply, sanitation, environhabits of living and physical fitness was an essential feature of the life style. Indian system is perhaps the earliest system of health care

which recognised a person's well-

being as a composite of mental, spiritual, social and physical halance. However, with the passage of time this aspect of Indian culture and beritage suffered neglect and faded into background. A survey of the health scene in fudia at the beginning of the 20th century would have presented a very dismal picture. The death rate was very high. The longevity was as low as 20 years. Communicable diseases such as malaria, smallpox, cholera and plague were rampant. There was no environmental protection. The health care system in the community was non-existent particularly in the rural areas. Socioeconomic conditions were appall-

ing and famines were not infre-It was with the awakening of the national feeling that the people became conscious of the poor health conditions. The govern-ment was also prodded to act. The traditional birth attendants health conditions. The govern-The British government set up a committee called the "Health Survey and Development Committee" with Sir Joseph Bhore as its chairman. The committee, popularly known as Bhore Committee, presented its report and recommendations in 1946. The committee highlighted that environmental conditions are essential for healthful living and recommended a health plan.

ft drew attention to the need for preventive and promotive aspects of bealth care and touched upon the problems of housing, sanitation, nutritional standards, socio-economic problems of unemployment and other environmental aspects which have their bearing on health. They also went into the question of medical care system in the country and made recommendations for extending it to the rural areas with the ultimate objective for the referral cases from the of providing adequate health pro- PHC. These CHCs will, in due tection to the preponderingly large sections of the rural populace. They envisaged setting up of Primary Health Centres for the country as a whole. They also made detailed recommendations in regard to the control of communicable diseases, particularly malaria, tuberculosis, smallpox, cholera, plague, leprosy and

With the coming of independence and adoption of the constitution, the five year plans took into consideration the recommendations of the Bhore Committee and tried to develop a health care programme for the country as a whole, with meagre

resources of course. The Bhore Committee was followed by the Mudaliar Committee which was set up by the government in 1961. This committee was to assess and evaluate the progress in the field of medical sphere and relief work in the intervening years and also review the work done in the first and

second five year plans. The committee made wide ranging recommendations including medical and para-medical education and medical research. Many of these recommendations were again processed by the central and state governments and huilt into plans and operations.

In 1978, an international conference on primary health care convened by the WHO spelt out the goal of "Health for All" and In addition, the number of identified primary health care 13-year-old smokers had sharply approach as the main procedure. India was a signatory to the international conference.

The government of India has already adopted the primary health care system in its approach to the problems of bealth care in the country. In 1983, the state formulated a national health policy which acknowledged the commitment of the country to attain the goal of "Health for All" by 2000 A.D. The policy emphasised the universal provision of comprebensive primary health care services as against bospital-based cure-oriented approach then pre-

The policy envisaged the establishment of an elaborate rural health care system through a well-dispersed netork of comprehensive primary health care services linked with extension and health education approach. ft also provided for large scale transfer of knowledge, simple skills and technologies to bealth volunteers selected by the communities for ensuring decentralised primary bealth care system.

valent.

appropriate levels. The policy envisages reorientation of the existing health personnel and a comprehensive approach to health care system which recognises contribution of nutrition, mental protection, prevention of food adulteration, mother and child health care services, school health programme, family planning services and maintenance of quality of drugs.

The policy recognised the role of the traditional systems of medicine in the country comprising Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha, voga and naturopathy. It envisages measures to enable these systems to develop in accordance with their genius and use of services of these systems to develop preventive and promotive health care programme

The policy laid down specific goals to be attained by the country by 1990 and 2000 in terms of hirth rate, infant mortality rate, death rate, life expectancy and various other indicators relating to health programmes. As a result of the measures taken by the nation, an elaborate rural health care system comprising primary health centres (PHC), sub centres, village health guides and traditional dais has been built up in the country. This entire strucare in be trained in every village. A sub centre caters to a population of 5,000 people and has male and female multi-purpose workers providing preventive and promotive services to the people.

A PHC for a population of

30,000 with a doctor in position provides health care facilities for that population based largely on preventive and promotive programmes. The PHC supported by the sub centres will be providing immunisation programme. mother and child health services and family planning services to the community. They also support the programmes for prevention of communicable diseases. The PHC will be linked to a community health centre (CHC) to be opened for a population of 100,000 people. The CHC will provide services of specialists and will be providing curative services course, get linked to hospitals at sub-divisional and district levels which in turn get linked to the state hospitals and medical college hospitals. It is envisaged that about 130,000 sub-centres and 23,000 PHCs will be in position in the country by 1990. With the positioning of this rural health infrastructure, preventive and promorive health care facilities will become available to a large

Besides developing an elaborate rural health infrastructure, programmes for the control of communicable diseases such as malaria, leprosy, tuberculosis are already in force. Since independence, smallpox and plague have been eradicated. Malaria is well under control. Malaria which had been brought under control in the 60s had a resurgence in the 70s. However, intensive measures to control the disease have yielded results and the incidence has come down considerably. An environmental approach to the control of malaria is under trial which, when successful, would eliminate the use of pesticides for

majority of people.

Mother and child health programmes have received impetus. Pregnant and nursing mothers are provided nutritional support. Pregnant mothers are given protection against tetanus and also given vitamin and iron supplements 10 control anaemia. Infants are provided immunisation against vaccine preventable diseases - diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, tuberculosis, polio and measles. The objective is to build up the health of the mother and the child as a step towards improvement of the health of the nation.

controlling malaria.

The family welfare programme which includes family planning practices has been envisaged mainly as an effort to improve the health of the mother and the child and in the process bring down the rate of growth of the population. The success of the various family welfare programmes adopted can be judged by the fact that the birth rate has fallen from 40 in the 50s to 33 in 1986; the death rate has fallen from 23 in 1951 to 11.7. The expectancy of life has risen from 41 in 1951 to 55. The infant mortality rate bas come down from 140 in 1972 to 97 in 1985. While the progress of the country towards reaching the goal of Health for All by 2000 A.D. is steady, the tasks are still formidable and require tremendous effort - A United News of India

Successes against smoking in 4 countries began with citizens' outcry

By Peter Ozorio

TOKYO - Four countries who had scored successes against smoking by the mid-1980s - particularly in decreasing the number of male smokers - owe their achievements, in large part, to the initiative of ordinary citizens. Their outcry against tobacco-related disease, combined with a spirited public debate in the mass media, spurred governments to

The call to action occurred in the 1960s and 1970s, according to stories of anti-tobacco campaigns from Finland, Norway, Sweden and the United Kingdom told in "Successes Against Smoking," a 20-page booklet released by the World Health Organisation for the 6th international Conference on Smoking or Health, held from 9-11 November 1987 in Tokyo.

It showed that by the mid-1980s, the number of male smokers declined by 14 per cent in Finland, by 13 per cent in Norway, by 20 per cent in Sweden. and by 27 per cent in the United

Kingdom. According to WHO estimates. 85 per cent of all deaths from lung cancer, 75 per cent from chronic bronchitis and emphysema, and 25 per cent from ischaemic heart disease in men under 65 are caused by tobacco.

The public demand in the four

countries for measures to curb smoking, the "biggest avoidable cause of ill health and premature death," the publication notes, brought on stepped-up lobbying by concerned groups. A coalition of citizen organisations societies against allergy, asthma. cancer, heart and lung diseases; grass-roots groups such as Nor-way's Rockfritt Milio. as well as medical associations — eventually swayed their parliaments.

Legislation

Legislation followed, foremost of which were laws restricting or banning advertising and promotion of tobacco products, or requiring that health warnings be displayed on them. The four countries already ban sales of cigarettes to youngsters under 16. Information and educational material flowed. All four countries aimed programmes essen-

tially at youth, a particularly vulnerable group, but also at doctors, nurses, midwives, teachers and opinion leaders. In a notable example of a programme directed at youth, Britain called on the comic book

paign from 1980 to 1982. Sweden, however, has also

singled out adult smokers who wanted to quit, gearing campaigns and cessation courses to them, ft reasoned that a reduction in adult smoking rates helps to influence children to smoke less and not to start. The country committed itself in 1978 to a goal of a "Non-Smoking Generation of Youtb." Norway did the same

Another common characteristic of the four countries' campaigns is that each provided for evaluation, seeking to determine in particular the attitude of the general public to anti-tobacco

creasingly favourable" to curbs, and in Norway that popular sentiment "supports the regulation of indoor smoking.

Taxation

Taxes played a part in the campaigns. Under Finnish law, at least 0.5 per cent of tobacco revenue is set aside for health education and research, "thus giving the anti-tobacco programme stability and security," the booklet says. A similar scheme is

under consideration in Norway. And Norway has brought cigarette consumption down

And a 20 per cent price hike in Britain, enforced in 1981, has been attributed to a 16 per cent reduction in overall smoking. The experience of the four

countries could serve as a model for other nations, the booklet states, and in particular for developing countries where the cigarette babit is already wide-spread. The lesson from Findland, Norway, Sweden and the United Kingdom is that "smoking rates do go down in response to consistent action."

20-cigarette pack which raised the

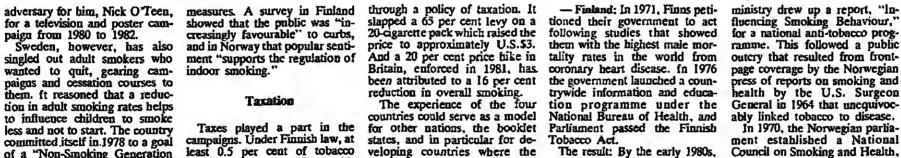
price to approximately U.S.\$3.

Here is a chronology of de-

following studies that showed them with the highest male mortality rates in the world from coronary heart disease. In 1976 the government launched a countrywide information and education programme under the National Bureau of Health, and

Tobacco Act.
The result: By the early 1980s, the number of male smokers had decreased in north Karelia, a country with the highest mortality, hy 14 per cent - from 52 per cent in 1972 to 38 per cent in

- Nerway: In 1967, a commitvelopments in the four countries: tee set up by Norway's health



passed the Act on Restrictive Measures for Marketing of Tobacco Products. The result: By the early 1980s the number of male smokers had decreased by 13 per cent — from 53 per cent in 1974 to 40 per cent in 1982. fn addition the numbers of teen-age smokers had also declined — for boys from 40 per

cent to 26 per cent, and for girls

from 41 per cent to 22 per cent.

charging it to carry out "govern-ment measures against the harm-ful effects of tobacco." In 1975 it

-Sweden: In 1963, responding to a call by 25 scientists for an anti-tobacco campaign, Sweden established the National Smoking and Health Association to serve in an advisory capacity to its National Bureau of Health and Welfare.

The results: By the mid-1980s, the number of male and female smokers between 1970 and 1984 had dropped to 30 per cent -- in the case of males from 50 per cent, and of females from 33 per

declined - for boys from 40 per cent to 5 per cent, and for girls from 16 per cent to 6 per cent. - United Kingdom: In 1962 and 1971 the Royal College of Physicians published reports on 'Smoking and Health" that led to the founding of Action on

Health, a citizens group dedi-

cated to rallying voluntary action

against smoking. In response the government established in 1986 what is renamed now the Health Education Authority, and later the Scottisb Health Education Group, to advise its Department of Health and Social Security on campaigns against what was described as the leading avoidable cause of death in the United Kingdom.

The result: By the early 1980s. the number of male smokers had declined by 27 per cent - from a high of 65 per cent in the late 1940s to 38 per cent in 1982. And the number of female smokers dropped from by 8 per cent from 41 per cent to 33 per cent WHO feature.



hero, Superman, and created an

Top seeds win 1st round of **Nabisco Grand Prix tourney**

SAO PAULO, Brazil (AP) — The four top seeds won their matches Monday in the opening round of the \$130,000 Nabisco Grand Prix Men's International Tennis Tourney being held in the Guaruja seaside

from West Germany, the United States, Peru, Brazil, Uruguay, Bolivia and Argentica are participating in the seveo-day tournament that counts for 60 points in the Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) ranking and 100 points toward the Nabisco ranking.

Among top players in the tournament in the resort community, 50 kilometres southeast of South America's largest city. were Eliot Teltscher of the United States, ranked 21 worldwide by the ATP, Brazil's Luiz Mattar, ranked 39 and Lawson Duncan of the United States, ranked 97. All three were to play their first

matches Tuesday. In the first matches of the opening round held Monday, Argentina's Javier Frana, ranked

More than 100 tennis players 114 by the ATP defeated Brazil's om West Germany, the United Jose Amindaher 7-6, 7-6, Uruguay's Diego Perez, ranked 117, overcame Brazil's Julio Goes 4-6, 6-0, 6-3, Marcelo Filippini of Uruguay, ranked 119, trounced Brazil's Mauro Menezes 6-0, 6-4 and Brazil's Cassio Motta, ranked no. 123, defeated West Germany's Markus Racki 6-1, 6-2.

> Phelps beats Antonoplis

AUCKLAND (AP) - Thirdseeded American Terry Phelps rallied Tuesday to score a 3-6, 6-2, 6-0 second-round victory over compatriot Lea Antonoplis in the \$50,000 International Tennis Tournament.

Phelps, 24, was one of six seeds to advance in the 56-draw outdoor hardcourt event, which comprises part of the Virginia Slims series. She was beaten by compatriot Gretchen Magers last year in the

Defending champioo Magers advanced to the third round with a 6-2, 6-3 triumph over Sybille

Noix-Chateau of France. Another French player, Marie-Christine Calleja, caused the only upset of the second-day of the tonrnament, downing 14th seeded Australian Louise Field 6-3, 7-6 (7-0) in a first-round

In other first-round action, Susan Mascarin of the United States, the 11th seed, defeated fellow American Vicki Nelson-Dunbar 6-2, 6-2. The top eight seeds received

first-round hyes. Second-round winners included eighth seeded Belgian teenager Anne Devries and her 12th seeded compatriot Sandra

asserman. Devries, 17, downed Annabel Croft of Britain 6-4, 6-1, while Wasserman, also 17, beat American Kim Steinmetz 7-6 (7-1), 6-3

Everton, Sheffield meet again today

LONDON (R) — Lee Chapman extended Sheffied Wednesday's English F.A. Cup marathon with Everton to a fourth episode with an 85th minute equaliser

First Division champions Everton appeared to have wrapped up a fourth-round home tie with Second Divisioo Middlesbrough when Trevor Steven scored in the 58th minute, the first time they had led in 268 minutes of the three-match series.

But Wednesday are nothing if not resilient, and as the home crowd's celebrations were warm-

ing up they conjured np a dramatic equaliser in this second replay. Substitute Gary Owen's free kick was knocked out to Brian Marwood whose shot cannoned back to full back Nigel Worth-

He smashed the ball back towards the crowded Everton goalmouth and Chapman stuck out a boot to deflect in one of the most crucial goals of his career.

Extra time failed to break the 1-1 deadlock and the two teans must meet again at the Sheffield side's Hillsborough ground on

Cornelius Bennett, but, typically, he didn't have enough high draft

But no one cares as long as the

Redskins win — and they do. They have had just one losing season during Beathard's tenure:

Some of the best players just

seem to come from nowhere,

such as Clarance Vaughan, an

eighth-round pick last year who

back and blitzer in the NFC title

game, and linebackers Ravin

Caldwell and Kurt Gouveia, fifth

and eighth round picks in 1986

who spent last seasoo red-shirting

Then there's Jay Schroeder, the quarterback who succeeded

Joe Theismann and will likely

He played only one college football game, as a freshman at

UCLA, then signed a baseball

contract with Toronto. Schroeder

was grabbed by Beathard on the

third round in 1985, astounding

even the draft scholars who pride

themselves on keeping tabs on

the most obscure players. A year ago, in his first full season, he threw for 4,109 yards, the 10th

Beathard is not always perfect. In 1986, he traded his no. 1 choice in 1987 to San Francisco

for a chance to move up in the

second round and grab wide re-ceiver Walter Mnrray. He

couldn't sign Murray, so he

traded him for a no. 2 to Indiana-

polis, where he has been a dis-

He also used his first pick in

1985 (in the second round) on

cornerback Tory Nixon, then

dumped him off on San Francis-

co, where he has been a marginal

best in NFL history.

appointment.

Consisting of one bedroom, sitting room and a

veranda, with telephone and central heating. Located near the Water Authority · Abdali.

on injured reserve.

succeed Williams.

suddenly appeared as a nickel

6-10 in 1980.

choices to give up for them.

Stevens' goal was only his fourth of the season, but his third against Wednesday. He rounded off a good run down the left and cross from Adrian Heath by heading into the far corner of the

In the night's other third-round second replay, Manchester City ended a dismal run by beating fellow Second Division side Huddersfield 3-0 to earn an away tie at Blackpool.

Their goals, all in the second half, came from full back Andy Hinchcliffe, David White and Imre Varadi.

Washington shows it knows how to trade high picks. He got Rogers for a no. 1, and he was in the bidding for both Eric Dickerson and linebacker

By Dave Goldberg The Associated Press

SAN DIEGO — Contrary to the National Football League's con-ventional wisdom that good teams build through the draft, the Washington Redskins have had only three first-round draft picks in the last 18 years. Yet, they have been to the Super Bowl three times in the last six years.

Their Super Bowl opponents, the Denver Broncos, are not afraid to wheel and deal although they have been much less extravagant with their top draft picks.

The Redskins have just six first-round picks on their roster, only three of whom were drafted by Washington: Wide receiver art. monk, Cornerback Darrell Green and offensive tackle Mark May. Quarterback Doug Williams

was signed as a free agent after the United States Football League folded; running back George Rogers was the first pick in the 1981 draft, taken by New Orleans and he cost Washington, naturally, its top pick in 1985. Defensive tackle Dave Butz,

St. Louis' first pick in 1974, was obtained in a typical George Allen deal for two no. 1s and No. 2 when Allen was coach and general manager.

The Redskins are basically the creation of 51-year-old general manager Bobby Beathard, who in 1979 took over a Washington team left bereft of almost any draft choices by Allen, whose motto, "the future is now" left

the future looking bleak.

But Beathard's philosophy is not that different. He would just as soon stockpile lower picks or bid for a proven blue-chipper by surrendering high picks. Four years after he took over, Washington won the Super Bowl with 26 free agents and 11 players

drafted below the fifth round. More recently, he has done what Allen did — trade away

Vauxhall cars return to world rally

LONDON (R) — Vauxhall cars will return to the World Rally Championship after a hreak of seven years when Briton Malcolm Wilson leads a team in the Swedish motor rally starting Feb. 4.

Wilson told reporters he would contest several Europe-based rounds of this year's championship in an Astra 2.0 GTE.

England to field off-spinners

SYDNEY (R) — England off-spinners John Emburey and Eddie Hemmings will both play in the Bicentennial Cricket Test against Australia at the Sydney Cricket Ground starting Friday, England captain Mike Gatting has said Tuesday.

Gatting told reporters after his side arrived from New Zealand that England would play both off-spinners at a ground which has favoured spin bowling in recent years.

The England skipper said he respected the Australians, who beat New Zealand 1-0 in their recent three-match test series and thrashed the same opponents in the World Series Cup one-day

Lendi bounces back

HONG KONG (R) — World number one Ivan Lendl, beaten in the Australian Open semifinals last week, bounced back with a 5-4, 6-1 win over American Tim Mayotte in an exhibition tennis match here Tuesday.
"You have to put defeats like

the one last week hy Pat Cash behind you and this was a good way of doing it," said Lendl.

Piggott collapses in prison

against drug abuse in sport.

cheating," he said.

blame than athletes in doping abuse cases.

LONDON (R) - Former champion jockey Lester Piggott, serving a three-year prison sentence for ax fraud, collapsed in his cell on Monday and was taken to hospital, officials said.

WINDSURFING ACROSS THE ATLANTIC: Stephane

Peyron had won his bet to cross the Atlantic on a sailboard, solo, and

without any help. He thus accomplished a real achievement, useless

for some and fantastic for others, but which, at any rate, gives him a place among great modern adventurers (Photo by T. Campion,

Samaranch champions European

PARIS (R) — International Olympic Committee (IOC) president

Juan Antonio Samaranch has championed a Enropean crusade

Samaranch, addressing an unprecedented "European symposium on doping" on Monday, said coaches and doctors could be more to

"The athletes are not the guilty ones. The guilty ones are those

who surround the athletes, though not all of them," he added,

participants had been suspended at the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics.
"We must protect the health of the athletes. We can't permit

Christian Bergelin, French secretary of state for sports, and Prince Alexandre de Merode, Belgian IOC vice-president and president of the Olympic committee's medical commission, chaired the symposium, which featured top-level athletes, sports medicine authorities, sports administrators and members of the European Council and

European hurdles champion Stephane Caristan presented the "athlete's charter against doping" — a campaign he is leading in France. It declares a commitment never to resort to drugs and calls

for random doping controls and uniformity of penalties for all sports

He said the IOC applied strict anti-doping controls and 13

campaign against drug abuse

The incident at highpoint prison near Newmarket, 80 kilometres north of London, occurred amid news that 52-year-old Piggort is facing further tax investigation. He was unconscious when admitted to Bury St. Edmunds Hospital but "made a quick and spontaneous recovery," hospital manager Robert Jones said.

Jones denied that Piggott had been assaulted and added doctors were still trying to establish the cause of his condition.

He was later transferred to the prison hospital in Norwich, West

fn October, Piggott pleaded guilty to nine charges of failing to declare income and one charge of defrauding customs and excise. An inland revenue spokesman said the case was not closed. "It was made clear in court that we had only then gone up to 1984. The investigation is continuing."

Piggott has repaid £3 million (\$5.3 million) in tax and interest for

the years up to 1984 when he ended his career as an active rider after chalking up a record 5,000 victories. The new invesogation will be looking into Piggott's financial dealings during his later years as a trainer.

The three months in a two-man cell have been troublesome for one of the country's greatest sporting heroes. Piggott is an aloof man suffering from a speech defect and partial deafness. He was described by his lawyer as of limited intellectual capacity outside the racing

Committee rejects Dennis appeal

LONDON (R) — Mark Dennis, who has the worst disciplinary record in the English League, failed in his appeal against a 53-day han when he appeared before a football association appeal committee. tee Monday.

The Queen's Park Rangers defender was found guilty of hringing the game into disrepute in December after the 11th dismissal of his turbulent career. The appeal committee changed their punishment to an immediate

eight-match han.

deni central healing.

U.S. basketball roundup

Bullets bag 3rd victory over 76ers

LANDOVER, Maryland (AP) final margin.

— Moses Malone scored 26
points and Bernard King added Jazz 119, Cavaliers % 22 Tuesday night as Washington defeated the Philadelphia 76ers 118-117 in overtime. The victory was the seventh straight at home for the Bullets since Wes Unseld took over as coach and their third in a week over Philadelphia.

After Gerald Henderson's 3pointer gave Philadelphia a 114-113 lead. Malone then grabbed a rebound and dunked the ball with 23 seconds to play in the extra period. Mike Gminski missed two short jumpers, and the second was rebounded by Bernard King, who was fouled. King made two free throws.

Malone added another free throw with 10 seconds left to give Washington a 118-114 lead before Henderson hit his second 3-poinier of the overtime period for the

scored the NBA's 5-million point at the end of the third period and the Jazz went on to defeat Cleve-land Cavaliers 119-96. Green's milestone came on a 3-point shot. giving the Jazz an 92-67 lead. His basket was the 5,000,001th point since the NBA began play in the

Karl Malone paced the winners

Utah reserve Rickey Green

Before the fourth period began, there was a ceremony and Green antographed the ball, which will go to the basketball hall of fame in Springfield. Mas-

with 36 points, while John Stockton had 20 points and 13 assists. losing Leading 52-51 at halftime, season.

Malone and Stockton sorred 10 points apiece as Utah outsoned the Cavaliers 29-7 in the opening

9:36 of the third quarter. Brad Daugherty, Mark Price and Mark West scored 14 points each for Cleveland.

Bucks 188, Warriors 195

Paul Pressey gave Milwaukee the lead with 26 seconds remaining on a driving layup and the Bucks scored the game's final seven points to pull out a 108-105 vic-tory over Gulden State.

Sidney Monereif added two free throws for Milwaukee with five seconds left and the Warriors threw away the inbounds pass following the second foul shot to assure the Buck's victory.

Milwaukee broke a three game losing streak, its longest of the

Khaosai retains WBA junior boxing title

BANGKOK (R) - Khaosai elusive challenger he looked ex-Galaxy of Thailand retained his World Boxing Association (WBA) junior bantamweight title by beating his compatriot Kong-toranee Payakarun on points scored him clearly ahead. Tuesday in the hardest fight of his four-year reign.

It was the first time the hig-punching southpaw champion had been taken the distance after

seven previous defences.

hausted and as relieved as any of his fans packed into Bangkok's Lumpini Stadium when the result was announced. All three judges The pattern was established in

the opening round with the bullish, eager Khaosai walking. sometimes even running, round the ring trying to nail down Kongtorance as he weaved, backed off and covered up, occasionally After 12 rounds of chasing the flicking out counter punches.

Khaosai grew ever more frus-trated as all attempts to land his lethal left failed. He even took a mandatory eight count in the fifth when he slipped over pulling away from a right thrown by the challenger as they broke from a clinch.

Both men began to slow thewn and at one moment in the 10th Khaosai stopped and lowered his gloves, apparently clueless as to how to make contact with his prancing opponent.

Short takes commanding lead in chess

SAINT JOHN, New Brunswick at a later date to decide the (AP) — English grandmaster Nigel Short took a commanding 2-0 lead in his World Chess Championship Candidates Match with Gyula Sax of Hungary after scoring a 45 move victory Monday.

Grandmaster Jonathan Speelman notched a second English victory when he defeated Yasser Seirawan, the United States' top player, to seize the lead in their six-game duel. The winner of the Candidates

Series will challenge world champion Garri Kasparov for his title

The victors in the seven matches played here will compete in a a small edge from the opening, final knockout series of contests but played too aggressively in a

challenger.

Playing with the disadvantage of the black pieces, Short, 22, sacrificed a pawn in the opening to use his queen to deeply pierce Sax's defences. Already trailing in the match after his first round loss. Sax

appeared restless. After falling dramatically short of time, Sax blundered and allowed his king to be sur-The position was about equal,

but impatience finally got the better of him." Short said after

Playing white, Seirawan gained

complicated middle-game pre-Seirawan, 27, from Seattle, sacrificed a rook for a hishop to

gain a dangerous attack against Speelman's king, but the 31-year-old Londonner beat back the assault to reach a winning endgame position.

With four games remaining. Speelman leads 1.5-0.5. Soviet grandmaster Andrei Sokolov squeezed a victory against Canada's Kevin Spraggett to move into a 1.5-0.5 to their

Dutch grandmaster Jan Tim-man, the third ranked player in the world drew with Valery Salov of the Soviet Union to leave their

AP names athletes of the year

NEW YORK (AP) — Sprinter Beo Johnson, acclaimed the 'world's fastest human" after breaking the world record in the 100-metre dash last year when he went unbeaten in 21 races, was named the Associated Press male athlete of the year on Sunday by an overwhelming margin.

Johnson became the first Canadian track athlete to win the honour and only the second in the award's 57-year history — the other was hockey player Wayoe Gretzky in 1982. Johnson received 48 first-place votes, 18 seconds, 28 thirds and 322 points in balloting by sports writers and broadcasters. Points were allotted on a 5-3-1 hasis.

Wide receiver Jerry Rice of the San Francisco 49ers, who set an NFL record with 22 touchdown receptions in only 12 games. finished second with 222 points on the hasis of 22 firsts, 26 seconds and 34 thirds.

Chicago's Michael Jordan, the NBA's leading scorer this season, was third with 206 points, including 24 first-place votes, 22 seconds and 20 thirds.

The 26-year-old Johnson, a naove of Jamaica, shattered the seconds, not tenths.

world record in the 100 by a remarkable one-tenth of a second last year, clocking 9.83 seconds in the final at the World Outdoor Championships Aug. 31 in Rome. Generally, when sprint records are broken, they are eclipsed by hundredths of

Ben Johnson Joyner-Kersee named

female athlete of year

Track and field star Jackie Joyner-Kersee, considered the finest all-around woman's athlete since Babe Didrikson Zaharias, was named Monday the Associated Press female athlete of the year for 1987. Joyner-Kersee's victory, com-

ing one day after sprinter Ben Johnson of Canada was selected male athlete of the year, completed a sweep by track and field athletes of the AP's year-end honours. It was only the third time in the 57-year history of the awards that athletes from the same sport were chosen in the same year. The first was in 1945, when

golfers Zaharias and Byron Nelson were named, and the second was in 1981 when tennis players John McEnroe and Tracy Austin were selected.

In balloting by 244 sports writers and broadcasters from throughout the United States. Joyner-Kersee received 128 firstplace votes, 68 seconds and 16 thirds for a total of 880 points. with points allotted on a 5-3basis Tennis player Steffi Graf of

West Germany, winner of 11 tournaments, including the French Open, and winner of 75 of 77 matches in 1987, finished second with 806 points. She garnered 108 firsts, 82 seconds and 20 thirds.

Another tennis star, Martina Navratilova, the 1983 and 1986 female athlete of the year who won the Wimbledon and U.S. Open titles last year, was a distant third with 10 firsts, 26 seconds and 54 thirds for 182

Completing the top five were figure skater Katarina Witt of East Germany, with six first-places and 140 points, and pro golfer Ayako Okamoto of Japan, 68 points.

The awards to Joyner-Kersee and Johnson will be presented by the Tampa Sports Club at a banquet in Florida Feb. 26.

Last year. Joyner-Kersec. 25. equalled the world outdoor record in the women's long jump. clearing 24 feet, 5.5 inches (745.5 cm), at the Pan American games in Indianapolis Aug. 13. then won the long jump and heptath-lon gold medals in the world outdoor championships at Rome in September.

In the long jump, she sailed 24-1.75 (736 cm), beating East German Heike Drechsler, with whom she shares the world record. and took the heptathlon with 7,128 points. 564 more than her closest competitor.

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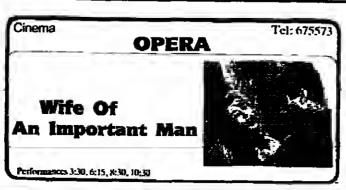


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NEWS IN BRIEF

Australian minister to visit next month

AMMAN (J.T.) — Australian Foreign and Trade Minister Bill Hayden is due here on Feb. 17 for an official visit to Jordan, Sawt Al Shaab reported Monday. During his stay, Hayden is scheduled to meet with Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri, Industry and Trade Minister Hamdi Tabba' and other officials.

Jordanian Islamic courts collect JD 1.4m

AMMAN (Petra) - Fees collected by Islamic courts in the Kingdom during the past year amounted to JD 1,426,307, according to an announcement by the Islamic Chief Justice Office here. The announcement said that a total of 19,421 cases were examined by these courts which normally deal with divorce and

Jordanian-Syrian firm earns SL 73 million

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian-Syrian Maritime Transport Company (JSMTC) generated a net profit of 73 million Syrian liras in 1987, according to a report published Tuesday in the Arabie newspaper Sawt Al Sha'ab. The report said the company's two merchant ships, Barda and Yarmouk, have freighted 48,000 tonnes of various kinds of goods in ten shipments to various parts

Jordan Islamic Bank boosts deposits

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Islamic Bank (JIB) has announced it will be distributing nine per cent dividend for shareholders for the year 1987. The Arabic newspaper Ad Dustour reported Tuesday that the JIB's board of directors also endorsed the bank's budget for the current fiscal year. The report quoted the JIB Director General Musa Shehadeh as saying the volume of deposits soared to JD 158 million in 1987, JD 30 million more than that of 1986. Shehadeh added that investment during last year totalled JD 110 million.

Meeting to discuss Arab trade exchanges

AMMAN (Petra) — Trade exchanges among Arab countries, the question of food security in the Arab World and the debts of Arab League specialised organisations will be among the main topics to be discussed at a meeting by the Arah Economic and Social Council early next month, according to Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Mohammad Saqqaf. Saqqaf said that the meeting which will start in Tunis on Feb. 1 is also expected to focus attention on recommendations and resolutions by a technical committee on statistics and on establishing a special fund to help support Arah League organisations. In addition, Saqqaf said, the meeting will discuss the implementation of previous council resolutions and will examine a report on joint Arah

Higher exchange rates hike drug prices

AMMAN (Petra) - The price of certain types of medicines has risen sharply in Jordan recently due to the fact that these medicines are imported from some foreign countries where currencies have appreciated, resulting in a rise in the local exchange rates, according to Husam Musmar, director of the pharmacy department at the Ministry of Health. Musmar said that in accordance with regulations issued by the government in 1972 local drug stores cannot make profits exceeding a specific margin.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE From the Carroll Righter Institute

'Concentrate on your own interests today, and don't depend on favors

from others. Everyone will be much too busy looking out for themselves promise may bother you tonight.
ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You
may have a feeling of lack during
the daytime, but by being objec-

tive, this will soon pass. Be very careful while driving.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Try to be more independent; rely on your own ebilities. Work on improving your health and appearance, but

your own shifties. Work on improving your health and appearance, but don't be vain about this.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be more willing to do what your mate wishes, and home conditions will improve considerably. Be sure you

don't lose your temper.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Avoid a person who expects more from you than you are willing to give. Don't try to press anyone into supporting your ideas.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) If any dilemmas arise today, be sure to confront them directly. Tonight is definitely not a good time for any presents purposits.

romantic pursuits. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) This is a good day to do the research

GENERAL TENDENCIES: which is necessary for a new proiect, but don't try to force anyone else to do the work for you.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
Search your memory and make sure
you aren't overlooking any prom-

ises which were made in the past. Drive with more than usual care. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21] A business acquaintance may be quite greedy today, so be on the alert for this and stand up for your rights. Be considerate to your mate. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure to do your work well to-

21) Be sure to do your work well today, even if it seems somewhat boring. Arguing with a co-worker today would be unfortunate.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)
Small annoying tasks can be
handled quite easily today. Work
out the details of a recreational activity you have in mind.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
Your mate may be a bit decreased

Your mate may be a bit depressed today, so be consoling. Try to make your home more comfortable, and revise your hudget tonight.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)

Before you present a new plan to business associates, make sure you have it clear in your mind. Don't argue with your mate tonight.

Major banks in Bahrain grapple

jor banks, amongst the biggest in the Gulf, will take decisions next week to boost their reserves against the bad debts to cope with the burden posed by \$3 billion worth of Latin American loans.

But bankers said their debt provisions are unlikely to match reserve levels set by European and U.S. competitors.

A cootroversial bome-spun proposal to hive off problem loans into a bolding company looks set to be shelved and hanks are expected to concentrate instead on boosting reserves as far as possible from relatively weak

operating earnings.
"Bahrain's hanks are underprovided, but they can do little about it and will have to muddle through," one banker said.

The island's 65 offshore banks cut their teeth on a diet of Latin America lending during beady expansion in the late 1970s, but payments problems coincided with a Middle East recession, robbing them of the chance to sait away provisions.

The coming week sees a series of board meetings in Bahrain as bank executives and shareholders, often Gulf governments, decide just how to handle provisions in the 1987 balance sheet.

The recipe that will emerge when results are announced in February is likely to combine a modest increase in provisions with measures to strengthen the banks' capital base.

A swirl of publicity has sur-rounded bad debts to Sandi firms, but Bahrain hanks are heavily exposed to Latin America and provisions fall below those in major finance centres.

Mexican officials are due in Bahrain on Sunday to discuss their innovative bonds-for-debt swap scheme as part of a world tour to sell the package to credi-

The island's largest bank, Arab Banking Corp (ABC), is estimated to have outstanding loans to the region of \$1.2 billion, equal to 20 per cent of its debt port-

Its arch rival Gulf International Bank (GIB) has Latin American exposure of \$864 million or about 18 per cent and Arlabank International about \$1.1 billion or 70 per cent.

Bankers said a lead by U.S. bank Citicorp last year, when it added \$3 billion to Third World loan provisions, led to joint work by ABC and GIB on setting up a company into which they could sell problem loans.

While the idea is not totally dead, it has sharply divided Bahrain's hanking community, with many hankers arguing it would not solve the underlying problem of non-performing

"Accounting sleight of hand."
was one banker's judgment.

The debt would have been sold at 100 cents inthe dollar, more than double its value in the socalled "secondary market" where banks trade deht with each other at a heavy discount.

But the purchase of loans by a holding company would also have required banks to lend to the company to finance deals.

"Any self-respecting accountant or auditor would question the status of loans made to the company if it has just paid 100 cents in the dollar for assets that are worth less than 50 on a secondary market," said one banker set against the deal.

"No matter bow you dress it up, the problem won't go away," he noted. One small Bahrain bank did make the problem go away, but it was also a radical solution that

bas little wider application. United Gulf Bank (UGB) this week said it had taken a \$20.5

Kuwaiti bank ups dividend

KUWAIT (R) - National Bank of Kuwait, the country's largest, bas increased its 1987 cash dividend, reflecting higher profits last year over 1986, a bank official said Monday. The bank said it would distribute a cash dividend of 22 per cent of its capital or 22 fils per share compared to 20 per cent in 1986. Bonus shares will be issued worth 10 per cent of capital, unchanged from 1986, or one share for every 10 held. In 1986, the bank earned 25.5 million dinars on assets of 3.03 billion dinars, making it by far Kuwait's most profitable bank. End-1986 capital was 70.3 million dinars. Full 1987 results are expected to be released Wednesday.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Shares were firmer but stood below their best levels of the day in subdued late trading after Wall Street showed

Stocks had reached their highs around midsession after the latest Confederation of British Industry (CBI) quarterly survey came out with a less gloomy picture of the U.K. industry than had been feared by many in the market.

The CB1 said industrialists remain optimistic about continued sustainable growth but added there were some signs of overheating. At 1530 GMT the FTSE 100 index stood 5.9 points higher at 1,768.1 after a high of 1,773.3 at 1145.

Rumours that the CBI report would be better than expected

had lifted shares from a mixed opening and the actual publication of the survey prompted a small flurry of buying, dealers said. Although turnover remained low, operators said it was slightly

higher than Monday.

The CB1 said a halance of 11 per cent of respondents said they were more optimistic on the general outlook than they were four

Libya restricts trade from with Latin American debt problem Italy, France and Britain

ROME (R) - Libya has imposed restrictions on the war-related materials to the import of some goods from Italy, France and Britain following a plea from Colonel Muammar Qadhafi to boycott Western countries, Italian and Libyan officials said Monday.

Officials at the Italian foreign ministry and the Libyan embassy, speaking on condition of anonymity, confirmed a report from a correspondent in Tripoli of the

Italian news agency ANSA.

The agency did nor specify which products were affected. greater Latin American debt. The secondary market for loans is also notoriously thin and and the officials said they could one banker said: "For GIB to try not provide those details.

ANSA and the officials said the to sell \$100 million of Brazilian

accounts to rid itself of all its

Latin American debt. It sold its

entire \$36.2 million portfolio oo

Argentinian, Venezuelan, Mexican and Chilean debt to raise

\$15.7 millioo - an average re-

turn of just 43 cents in the dollar.

a tiny bank and the example

cannot be followed by ABC or

GIB, both committed to commer-

cial banking and saddled with far

deht would simply devastate the

Little options are open

with little alternative hnt to ex-

plore ways to improve their ex-

isting deht portfolio, huild np

provisions as they can and in-

"Nine months or a year ago

Bahrain bank provisions didn't

look so bad, but they have been overtaken rapidly by other banks in the world," said one accoun-tant on the island.

Most Bahrain banks do not

reveal their provisions, regarding

them as secret. But hankers esti-

mate an average of up to 20 per

cent has been set aside against

Arlabank's provisions at end-

That compares with moves hy

1986 were about eight per cent.

U.K. hanks to provide for an

average 30 per cent of Third World loans while some second

tier U.S. banks have raised re-

serves to 50 per cent and others

begun to write off on the assump-

ABC, holding a series of

strategy and board meetings this

week, has conducted some li-

mited debt for equity and asset

swaps and bankers expect it will

In 1986, ABC declared net

profit of \$107 million, but first

half 1987 earnings slipped slight-

ly. GIB's earnings have also come

under pressure this year, falling

38 per cent in the first balf to \$22.3 million.

Its board meets on Wednesday

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.7700/10

1.2775/85

1.6745/55

1.8811/21

1.3560/70

1231/1232

127.45/55

6.0200/50

One ounce of gold 470.40/470.90

6.3675/3725

34.94/97 5.6450/80

will decide on 1987 accounts.

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

top up provisions for 1987.

tion loans will never be paid.

problem loans.

crease their capital base.

That leaves the major banks

But hankers recognise UGB is

The bank offloaded Brazilian,

the secondary market.

measure went into effect on Jau. 6. five days after Qadhafi in a speech called for a ban on the import of canned foodstuffs, drinks, clothes and cars from the three countries.

He said the move was intended to "boycott the societies of imperialist and colonialist coun-

Qadhafi said using the Western products was a "mortal sin" and

he advocated a change from a monetary to a harter economy.

On Jan. 6, the Central Bank of

measure would not affect payments authorised before that date or supplies of "snpreme national interest." One foreign ministry official said that two-way trade in 1987 between Italy and Lihya totalled 3 trillion lire (abont \$2.5 billion),

opening of credits in foreign

banks as payments against im-

ports from Italy, France and Bri-

tain, ANSA said, adding that this

down a third from 1985 figures. The Libyan leader said one of

the reasons for his decision to boycott Italian goods included the lack of information concerning 4.000 Libyans allegedly deported to Italy in 1911, ANSA said. Libya was an Italian colony at the time.

In addition, the Libyans demand the return of four aircraft and three helicopters sent to Italy for repair several years ago but held up under an Italian embargo Libya was instructed to stop the imposed in early 1986 on any Libya in April 1986.

North African country. Qadhafi said the equipment was used for civil relief services.

An official of the Libyan emhassy in Rome, who asked that his came not be used, said the export restrictions were also taken in retaliation for European Community sanctions against Libya, taken in 1986 to punish Libya for its alleged involvement in international terrorism.

In April 1986, Italy reduced the number of Libyan diplomats on its soil by 10 to 36, lining up with a EC decision which included. among other things, the halting of cut-price hutter sales to Libya.

In a speech on Jan. 18, quoted by ANSA. Qadhafi said Rome and Paris were halting shipments of arms to Libva under direct orders from the U.S. administration to "limit the military potential" of Libya.

In the Jan. 1 speech. Qadhafi aecused France of attacking ment with the United States" and criticised Paris for not purchasing Libyan oil. He also denounced Britain for lending its air bases to the U.S. jets which bombed

Gulf Arab countries invest \$38b in industrial sector in 20 years

DOHA (OPECNA) - The Arab Gulf region witnessed a substan-tial industrial growth over the past two decades, with the establishment of thousands of projects, ranging from petrochemicals and steel to food industries.

According to a study prepared by the Doha-based Gulf Organisation for Industrial Consulting (GO1C) — grouping five OPEC countries Iraq, Knwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates (UAE), and non-OPEC Bahrain and Oman about 4,900 projects have been carried out with total investments of more than \$38 billion.

The report said that continuing growth of the industrial sector in the Gulf countries in future would hinge substantially on the ability to define the industries which would be able to achieve the diversification of income.

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

ability to utilise available production capacities, the shrinking revenues and profits of existing industrial growth rate would all lead to curbing diversification of national income. The report showed that in-

creasing numbers of intermediate industries were facing the problem of inability to utilise available production capacity. Despite the fact that some existing industrial projects in the

dramatically, the study said. Citing figures, it showed that

rious industries in the Gulf countries had reached 63 per cent

The study warned that the in- Qatar only 70 per cent of available production capacity was utilised, compared to 68 per cent in the UAE, 65 per cent in Oman, industries and the drop in the 63 per cent in Saudi Arabia, 60 per cent in Kuwait and 54 per cent in Bahrain.

The ntilisation of available production capacity in aluminium and steel industries reached more than 100 per cent, the highest among other industries, and 80 per cent in intermediate industries, the study added.

It also said that the average Gulf countries were utilising their utilisation of available productioo available production capacity, the capacity in the paper industry failure to use all available productreached only 66 per cent and 67 tion capacities have been growing per cent in the cement industry. However, in the cement industry the figure reached 94 per cent in the average utilisation of availthe case of Qatar, 82 per cent in Oman, 80 per cent in Saudi Araable productioo capacity in vabia, while it dropped to 53 per cent in Bahrain, 52 per cent in Knwait and 50 per cent only in

The report disclosed that in the UAE.

Egypt 'ready' to cut oil output

CAIRO (R) — Egypt is willing to cut its crude oil production from the current level to help OPEC stabilise the volatile world market, Petroleum Minister Abdul Hadi Kandeel said Tuesday.

In a statement released by his office, Kandeel said if all members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) held to their present production ceiling, prices would rise to an average of "Egypt is completely ready to further squeeze its output, when it

deems this necessary ... apart from what is needed for domestic consumption, which is rising now because of a two-month-old cold wave," the minister said.

OPEC agreed in December on total ontput of 15.06 million barrels

per day (b/d) for all members except Iraq.

Kandeel said that to shore up prices, Egypt would not bring more supplies into the world market than it already does.

Non-OPEC Egypt cut production by 30,000 b/d early last year to help the 13-member oil group and now exports about one third of its cuttout of \$70,000 b/d. output of 870,000 b/d.

Peanuts



45 Filips 47 Banish 49 Sector 51 — Lisa 62 f'Lion-Heartad" 56 A chief justi Yesterday's Pozzie Solved: 11 Athirst 12 Neck hair 13 Vamoosed 60 Juarez jar 61 Motor part 63 Coolkige Brand Modified pla 64 Bard's king 65 Mideast 25 Silver Star
27 Publish
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29 Blades
30 Taste Gaucho's rope DOWN 40 Merits 41 Boxer Leonard 43 Zaus' consort 44 Last Supper 52 Pert 63 "--- Three

Lives" Kilted









Mutt'n' Jeff



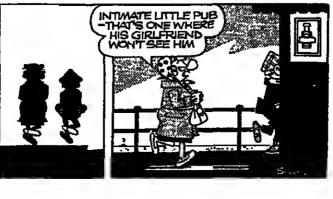




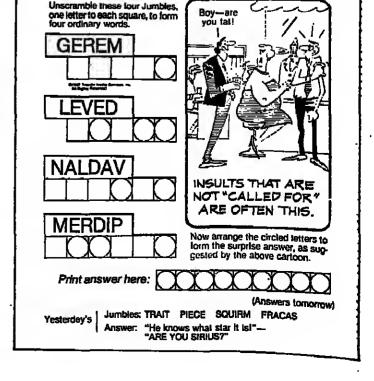


Andy Capp









JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Reagan pledges to fight 'right to finish line' for favourite causes

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - President Reagan, starting his last year in office, promised Congress he would fight for aid to Nicaraguan rebels, ratification of a U.S.-Soviet arms treaty and budget reform.

desire for peace, freedom and

democracy in Nicaragua," he said in an attempt to persuade Demo-

crats to vote for the aid package.

Many Reagan opponents be-

lieve Nicaragua should be given a

chance to make good oo its prom-

ises to adhere to a Central Amer-

ican peace plan signed last Au-

gust before considering more aid.

los Tunnerman immediately criti-

cised Reagan, saying his call for

new contra aid was a cruel blow

In his speech Reagan said the

U.S. positioo in the world had been transformed during his

seven years in office as countries

turned their backs nn totalitarian-

ica' with look up to America',"

he said. "There is only one de-

scription for what, together, we

have achieved — a complete tur-

He urged Coogress to ratify the

intermediate-range nuclear forces

(INF) treaty with Moscow signed

last mooth that bans all super-

power onelear missiles with

ranges of 300-3,400 miles (500-

He called it a historic agree-

ment holding hopes of a "future

free of nuclear terror" that would

be more likely if his Strategic

Defence Initiative (SDI) — a

land and space-based anti-missile

On the domestic froot, Reagan

"We announce that we have

executed Attorney Carlos Mauro

Hoyos for the crime of treason

against the fatherland... you can

report that the war will go on,"

the group said in a statement to

Hoyos' bullet-riddled corpse,

handcuffed and blindfolded, was

discovered on a farm near the

spot where he was ambushed

early Monday on his way to the

airport in Medellin, acting Attor-ney General Ignacio Arboleda

It was not immediately clear if

Hoyos, 42, was killed outright or

died from wounds received when

10 gunmen, using four separate

attack and witnesses said Hoyos

was dragged wounded from the

scene splattered with blood. One

around the harbour in a geotle

breeze under a hlue sky.
Britain's Prince Charles took

the salute from aboard the Au-

stralian naval ship HMAS Cook.

named after Captain James Cook

who discovered the east coast of

the vast island-continent in 1770.

19 high-card points. South did not feel constrained to jump shift at

the possibility the hand was a mis-

fu Secondly, he stood to learn

more from a voluntary rebid by his

joirtner than from a forced re-sponse When North showed the

equivalent of an opening bid with

his jump to game, South wasted no

After a lieart lead, declarer

could count 10 fast tricks, and it seemed he would have to rely on

the diamond finesse for his con-

tract. That is a mirage. A simpler

way to play the hand was to treat

duning as the master and to ruff

Declarer won the acc of hearts.

cashed the king, discarding a dia-

mond, and ruffed a heart with the

trump queen. A trump to the seven

was taken by the ace, and East did

the best he could by returning a

trump. That can to the ten on the

table, and the last heart was ruffed

with the king Declarer crossed to

the heard with the queen of clubs

and drew the last trump His

fourth club served as a parking

place for one of dunimy's dia-

munds, and the slam was home. In

all declarer scored three trumps in

dummy and two ruffs in hand, two

two hearts in the closed hand.

Two bodyguards died in the

told reporters.

system — came to fruitioo.

Drug lords kill Colombian attorney general

bloodshed would follow.

BOGOTA (R) — Colombia's murder Monday and said more

claimed responsibility for Hoyos' solbing justice official who saw

GOREN BRIDGE

DOING IT IN AEVERSE

Australia celebrates 200th

nabont, a revolution."

5,500 kilometres).

"We've replaced 'hlame Amer-

ism and planned economies.

to the peace process.

Nicaraguan Ambassador Car-

He told a joint session of Coofreedom fighters will be submitgress in his last anoual State of ted which reflects our mutual the Union address Monday he would fight "all out, right to the

The former Hollywood film actor won some generous applause, but left the opposition Democrats, who have a majority in Congress, dissatisfied.

"We've come to the end of an era. The "feel good" slogans have gone flat with time," Senate Democratic majority leader Robert Byrd of West Virginia

A new poll by ABC News and the Washingtoo Post showed most Americans did not share Reagan's optimism.

It said 59 per cent of those polled now believed the country was "seriously off on the wrong track", a 12-point increase in just over a month. Another poll by CBS News and

the New York Times showed 58 per cent disapproved of new aid for the Nicaraguan contra rebels. The U.S. dollar dipped in Tokyo Tuesday with dealers reportiog disappointment that Reagan did not announce any new measures to tackle the U.S.

trade and budget deficits. Reagan announced he would send a new contra aid request to Congress Wednesday, but did not say how much funding he would request. Officials say it will probably be about \$50 millino, far less than the \$270 million contem-

"My request to sustain the

government was expected to

meet Tuesday to adopt emergen-

cy measures to combat cocaine

traffickers following the kidnap

and killing by drug barons of the

country's attorney general, Presi-

Barco said in a television

address late Monday that the

murder of Attorney Carlos

Mauro Hoyos was "a challenge to

the whole Colombian society

and pledged to step up govern-ment efforts "to fight organised

Calling for a national crusade

to protect the country, Barco said

emergency measures would be

adopted at a cabinet meeting Tuesday to strengthen the fight

A prominent group of traffick-

ers who are fighting extradition to

the United States and call them-selves "the extraditables"

But indigenous ahorigioes

mourned the eveot hy taking to the streets in their biggest rally

They were protesting against

what they see as an attempt to

glarify the lovasioo of their

ANO OMAR SHARIF

Neither vulnerable, South deals

♣J1087

SOUTH

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South West North East

Pass 4 +

6 • Pass Pass Pass Opening lead Ten of 7

As declarer, your natural ten-

dency is to consider your hand as

the master, llowever you can

often score an additional track if

you plan to make the dommy high

and use the trumps in your hand

for ruffing. This method of iday is

known in the trade as a "dummy

reversal." The key ingredient is

that there must be high trumps on

Note that, despite the fact he had

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The hidding

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crime and subversion."

dent Virgilio Barco said.

servative social ageoda that as the presideot blew her a kiss brought him to power.

But even White House aides yon, didn't I?" concede that his calls for an abortion ban, for leaving welfare programmes to state and local governments, and for a balanced budget amendment to the coostitution were unlikely to make any headway.

Nevertheless, Reagan got his plea for hudget reform across in dramatic fashioo hy dumping oo his lectern with a loud thud what he said was 43 pounds (19 kilo- avoiding the fatal disease lies with grams) of congressional spending resolutions sent to him instead of orthodox budget bills.

"Congress shouldn't send another one of these. And if you dn, I will not sign it," be said to a gale of laughter from legislators who last year were three months late with the budget.

Blowing her a kiss, Reagan used his State of the Union address to praise first lady Nancy as a hero for sponsoring a nationwide anti-drug campaign.

Sitting in the audience with U.S. legislators and other guests as Reagan made his speech in the house chamber, the first lady looked surprised when her husband mentioned her name.

"The war against drugs is a war of individual battles, a crusade with many heroes — including America's young people and also someone very special to me.

She has helped so many of our young people to say 'no' to drugs. Nancy, much credit belongs to you, and I want to express to you your husband's pride and your country's thanks," Reagan said.

the corpse said it was full of bullet

Another kidnap victim, Andres

Pastrana, a leading opposition politician seized eight days ago, was freed Monday after police

surrounded the farm where he

was beld in the mountain village

of El Retiro, about 32 kilometres

Hoyos was found in the same

village and Pastrana, a candidate

for mayor of Bogota, told repor-

ters his captors, who escaped,

had discussed plans to kidnap Hoyos in front of him.

demands for Pastrana's release,

the kidnappers declared war on

Colombians who supported the

extradition of Colombian citizens

list of victims of the cocaine

barons who have systematically

murdered Colombia's judicial au-

30 hurt in

Hoyos was the latest in a long

In a communique stating their

south of Medellin.

and said with a laugh, "Surprised

\$1.5b to combat AIDS

Reagan said he would ask Congress to approve a record \$1.5 billioo in 1989 to help combat AIDS.

Reagan said the government should lead the fight against dis-eases such as AIDS, but added that the primary responsibility for

Proclaiming the goal of assuring a "highway to space," Reagan said he would soon announce a major commercial space initiative to boost the role of the private

America's space effort needed private firms to pave the way for research and manufacturing in space, Reagan said.

House Speaker Jim Wright appearing on National Television, outlined a Democratic agenda, including a trade bill that has been opposed by Reagan, and he called on the chief executive to go along with legislation to expand education programmes.

"He talked as if there were oo deficit, as if he weren't responsible for it," said Representative Tony Coelho, another opposition Democrat. "This presideot doesn't have an ability to initiate. He doesn't have leadership ability any more."

Republicans, however, were pleased with Reagan's declaration that "we're not finished yet."

"He's certainly indicated he's As applause filled the room not going to be a shrinking violet and the audience rose to give her in his last year," said House a standing ovation, a wide-eyed Republican leader Bob Michel.

Goria wins

ROME (R) — Italy's fragile six-month-old government still faces the tough and uncertain task of steering its hudget through a rebellious parliament despite sur-viving two confidence votes.

confidence vote

The government, led by Christian Democrat Prime Minister Giovanni Goria, called the votes Monday after suffering repeated defeats on clauses in the 1988

Members of his own five-party coalition have voted with the opposition on several occasions to defeat the government in secret ballots. Goria won Monday night's two

open votes comfortably 348-209 349-210 as majority deputies fell into line.

The confidence vote concerned section of the budget dealing with state pensions.

Last week the opposition Communists with the support of some 20 majority deputies forced through an amendment raising 3,000 billion lire (\$2.4 billion) of extra money over the next three

a long way to go before the budget, which should have been approved by the end of last year,

ments have meant parliament is voting on only the first of 43

Parliamentary sources said opposition parties would con-tinue to press for changes and the budget was unlikely to be passed

Japan imposes sanctions against North Korea

Tuesday, accusing Pyongyang of destroying a South Korean airliner and pledging to help prevent any attempt by the North to disrupt the Seoul Olympics.

Chief Cabinet Secretary Keizo Obuchi said in a statement the sanctions would include stricter cootrol of eootacts hetween Japan and North Korea, a ban on all flights between the two countries and restrictions on shipping and visiting North Korean sailors.

Obuchi said Japan was certain Communist North Korea was behind the bombing of a Korean Air Lines (KAL) jet last November that killed all 115 people on board.

"(Japan) is convinced that the incident was caused by organised terrorism from North Korea, Obuchi said.

Japan's NHK television network quoted a spokesman for the North Korean Foreign Ministry as sayiog: 'The saceticos announced by the Japanese government slander our country.

Ohuchi said the sanctions would be maintained until after September's Seoul Olympics and then reconsidered in light of North Korea's actions.

Japan does not have any diplomatic relations with North Korea but the curbs on contact would apply to meetings between envoys in an another country. There are no regular flights between the two countries but flights to and from Japan which

TOKYO (R) — Japan imposed included a stop in Pyongyang sanctions against North Korea would no longer be permitted. would no longer be permitted. Some 170 North Korean ships visited Japanese ports in 1986.

Asked what evidence Japan had based its decisioo upon, Obuchi said: "(The government) has become fully convinced that it was an organised act of terrorism by North Korea... By conducting an overall and prudent examination from every angle of the

Obuchi said Japan would also cooperate with South Korea in taking all possible safety measures for the Olympics, amid fears that Pyongyang may try to

disrupt the games.
A senior Foreign Ministry official later said: "The Olympics are very important, oot only for Korea but also for Japan and for Asia as a whole. We need it to be successful and we are determined to take measures to ensure its

He declined to specify what measures Japan would take hut political analysts said one possi-bility was stricter checks on people in transit through Japan head-

ing for the Olympics in Seoul. In Seoul, a Foreign Ministry statement said South Korea welcomed the sanctions as an indication of the Japanese government's "willingness to eradicate international terrorism."

"We hope these measures will contribute to preventing North Korea's terrorist acts," the state-

Kohl in Czechoslovakia vakia's human rights record with

PRAGUE (R) - Chancellor Helmut Kohl arrived in Prague Tuesday for a two-day visit, the first by a West German leader to Czechoslovakia in 15 years.

The official Ceteka oews agency said Kohl was greeted at Prague's Ruzyne Airport by Prime Minister Lubomir Strongal and other senior officials.

Kohl said in an interview Monday he would discuss Czechoslo-

Communist Party leader Milos

Despite advocating a policy of reforms similar to those introduced by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, Czechoslovak anthorities have made the human rights monitoring group Charter 77 a target of repression in recent

20 killed, 18 missing in Mexican mine explosion LAS ESPERANZAS, Mexico Bonita said. "He didn't have a

(AP) - Rescue workers Tuesday crown (on his tooth), so maybe it pulled more bodies from the charred depths of a coal mine, where an explosion and flash fire killed at least 20 men. Federal investigators said 18 people were still missing.

Friends and relatives of the buried miners haddled around campfires outside the mine's entrances near the shaft where workers were bringing victims to the

As bodies were slowly recovered, guards at the gates called for family members to come inside and identify them.

Jorge Antonio Bonita said he was asked to identify a body

believed to be that of his brother.

wasn't him." Disaster struck in "mine 41/2," operated by Compania Hullera

Mexicana, at 8:30 a.m. (1430 GMT) Monday, about 90 minutes after the first of the day's three shifts had started. , Gerardo Acosta Garcia, an in-

vestigator with the Federal Public Ministry, said 138 men were inmer at one of the mine's substations short-circuited, causing the explosion and fire.

Twenty bodies were recovered, and 18 miners were still unaccounted for, Acosta Garcia said early Tuesday. But authorities did not know if all 18 were trapped inside or if some had

The officials told Reuters the

move was prompted in part by Pentagon anger over China's de-nial of U.S. charges that it sold Kuwaiti tanker in the Gulf.

Silkworm missiles to Iran, which has fired them against Kuwait and at least one reflagged The administration officials,

who asked not to be identified confirmed a New York Times report that China would join a before the end of next month. | year-old Pentagon list of 30 desig-

The Pentagoo, which has seen a U.S. push to improve military ties with Peking eroded by the Silkworm issue, refused immediate comment on the report.

"But it will happen. China will be on the new list," one administratioo official told Reuters.

"It does not mean we consider China a terrorist nation. But many of its interests obviously do not run parallel with ours," the

Bush, newscaster clash over Iran affair

Bush in effect accused the oetwork of ambushing him.

torted that emphasis on the Irancontra affair was oo more fair an assessment of his career than judging the newscaster by an embarrassing incident last year in which he walked out from a studio, leaving CBS Network screens blank for several minutes.

Bush, the front-running candidate for the Republican presidential comination, said he had agreed to do the interview with newscaster Dan Rather because CBS told him it was doing a series

by a detailed CBS report, viewed by Bush as it aired, suggesting he had not been candid about his role in covert Nicaraguan cootra rebel supply operations and the sale of U.S. arms to Iran.

"I find this to be a rebash and a little bit, if you'll excuse me, a in the lows and New Hampshire misrepresentation on the part of voting that opens the presidential

thing that has been exhaustively

every question about his role in the Iran-contra affair except what he told the president. "If this is a political profile for

an election 1 have a very different opinion as to what one should be." Bush said. Bush said at one point during

Monday's heated interview, "I'm asking for fair play and I thought 1 was here to talk about my views oo education, on getting this (budget) deficit down."

in all three network polls released

quested anonymity said the network had been flooded with thousands of calls. One CBS source said many of the calls objected to Rather's tone.

Albert Gore are looking to the south as insurance against defeats

A new opinino survey released Monday shows civil rights leader Jackson the top choice of Democrats and Bush well ahead of five

where 20 states vote in "super Tuesday" primaries. About ooc-third of the presidential nominating delegates to both party conventions will be

Republican rivals in the south.

chosen in the March 8 voting. Bush leads his top rival, Schate Republican leader Robert Dole. 52-to-23 per cent in 14 southern states surveyed by the Scripps Howard newspaper chain.

On the Democratic side, Jacksoo is the top choice of 26 per cent, compared to 20 per cent for former Colorado Senator Gary Hart and 12 per cent for Tennesse Senator Albert Gore.

Bush, the frontrumer for the Republican mantle, is hoping to wrap up the nomination even before super Tuesday with wins in Iowa, which holds local party meetings known as caucuses on Feb. 8, and New Hampshire, site of the first full-scale primary electioo on Feb. 16.

COLUMNS 768

Woman hands in lost property of \$140,000

TURIN, Italy (R) — A Sicilian woman found 200 million lire (\$140,000) worth of cash in an empty railway compartment in this northern city and promptly handed it over as lost property, police have said. They said nobody had yet claimed the banknotes, which the elderly woman found in a cardboard box on a luggage rack, but, if nn owner could be traced they would automatically become the property of the Bank of Italy. The woman who found the money declined to be identified.

East 57th Street becomes most expensive

NEW YORK (AP) - East 57th Street edges out Tokyo's Ginza and a neighbouring stretch of Fifth Avenue as the world's most expensive street, according to a rental survey. The survey, which charted ground floor retail rents, found that the average rate on East 57th is \$425 a square foot (.09 metre), compared to \$375 on Fifth between 52nd and 58th Streets. Retail rents on the Ginza average \$400 a square foot. Last year, in a survey of American shopping streets, Fifth Aveoue came out on top. Michael Hirschfeld, whose real estate firm compiled the survey, said the shift was attributable to oew space coming on the market on East 57th and construction which has tied np some space on Fifth. Rounding out the top 10 were: Madison Avenue between 60th and 79th Streets in New York; Rodeo Drive in Beverly Hills, California; Michigan Avenue in Chicago; Bond Street in London; Worth Avenue in Palm Beach, Florida; Rue De Faubourg St. Honore, Paris; and Bloor Street, Toronto.

3.000-year-old antiques seized

NICOSIA (R) — An Iranian smuggling gang which illegally excavated 3,000-year-old bronze artefacts has been smashed by excavated 3,000-year-old bronze arteracts has been smashed by law enforcement agents, the Iranian oews agency IRNA has reported. The agency, monitored in Nicosia, said the objects, including daggers and hairpins dating back to I,000 B.C., had been seized and would be put oo display in an Iranian museum. Members of the gang dug them up illegally oear Bakhtaran, 430 kilometres south west of Tehran, it said. The gang was arrested before the artefacts could be supposed about before the artefacts could be suruggled aboard.

Jagger does not want to end up like Presley

LONDON (R) — Rolling Stones rock star Mick Jagger who is inching towards middle age has said he will not give up his career until he is over the hill but doesn't want to end up like Elvis Presley. "Some people like to make out that I'm over the hill and getting fat and lazy — hut I think I'm in pretty good shape," the 44-year-old pop hero told Woman's Own magazine. He added: "It'd be different if 1 couldn't stay in shape. Then 1 wouldn't want to do it anymore. I mean, I don't want to end up like Elvis Presley." Presley, hailed during his lifetime as the king of rock-and-roll, was a bloated and drugged Las Vegas performer at the time of his death in 1977. The thick-lipped Jagger, who once symbolised the rebellious spirit of the 1960s, described himself as a family man whose priority was his four children. "I love doing things like reading them good night stories," he said. He added that he was worried his two teenaged daughters might get involved with drugs, alcohol and boys. But Jagger was still in no hurry to marry Jerry Hall, the U.S. model he has lived with for more than 10 years. He has just written a film script with pop star David Bowie and the two men are looking of a director and hope to start filming soon.

Elvis didn't want career after 40

RADNOR, Pennsylvania (AP) - Elvis Presley did not want to go on stage with a guitar past the age of 40 and probably would not have joined in the current revival of music from the 1950s, according to his former wife, Priscilla. "I think it was fate that his life ended when it did," Ms. Presley wrote in an article for TV Guide magazine's Jan. 30 issue. 'I don't think he really wanted to live beyond 40." "Elvis And Mc," a two-part TV movie based on Ms. Presley's book, will be shown on Feb. 7-8 oo the U.S. Television Network. She said that watching some of the scenes from the movie "brought back so many sweet and sometimes painful memories." One scene that seemed to come alive, she wrote, was set in an airport in West Germany in 1960, when Elvis was leaving to complete his U.S. Army service. "I felt I was reliving my life, feeling all the emotions of that 14-year-old girl. At the time, I didn't know if I would ever see him again." Later, when she lived with Elvis at his Memphis home and when they were married, they had a few wonderful years, Ms. Presley wrote. Most difficult for her and their friends was witnessing Presley's personality and mood swings because of his dependency on

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Homosexual judge resigns

LONDON (R) — Britain's judiciary accepted the resignation of a homosexual judge after a mass-circulation newspaper printed explicit letters he wrote to a male lover which it obtained from an attempted blackmailer. Crown court recorder Martin Bowley, 51, offered to quit last week after failing in a legal action to stop the tabloid daily Sun from publishing the material. A statement from the office of the Lord Chancellor, who heads the judicial system, said Bowley was told Monday that his resignation had been accepted. The publication of revelations about Bowley's sex life, which did notinfringe any British law, angered fellow judges and prompted renewed calls for legislation to protect the privacy of the individual. Other newspapers were sharply critical of the Sun, which was accused by the liberal Guardian of contemptible and hypocritical behaviour. The Sun's front page story headlined "spanking judge quits" appeared last Wednesday and contained extracts of letters Bowley sent to a man in his 20s who was described as his "sex slave."

Praying dolls draw mixed reaction

BOSTON (AP) - A new line of dolls that kneel and clasp their hands in a gesture of prayer has drawn mixed reactions from some groups that worry the saucer-eyed figures could inadvertently trivialise religion. Kenner Parker Toys Inc. says it is marketing the dolls under the name special blessings to capitalise on a growing interest in traditional valoes in the United States. The dolls will be available on store shelves next month for about \$20. Store orders were brisk for the dolls, named Abigail, Angela, Christina, and Matthew Blessing, said a company spokesman, Dick Ostrander. Officials of the National Conference of Catholic Bishops and the National Council of Churches declined to comment on the praying dolls. And spokesmen for some other religious groups said they saw no harm in such dolls, and others praised the idea. But several expressed worries.

Actress fine after minor surgery

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Comedian-actress Lucille Ball was home and feeling fine after undergoing minor thyroid surgery last week, her secretary has said. Miss Ball, 76, the red-headed star of slapstick television comedy in the 1950s and 1960s, went home Friday after three days in Cedars-Smai Medical Centre, said Wanda Clark, her secretary at Lucille Ball Productions. "She was in the hospital for some very minor surgery and she's just fine," Ms. Clark said. "She's going about her normal business. There's nothing to even recuperate from." Cedars Sinai spokesman Ron Wise said the actress had been in the hospital for routine tests and refused to divulge further information. In a succession of television series beginning with I Love Lucy, in 1951 and continuing with the Lucy Show and Here's Lucy, Miss Ball and her husband, the late Desi Arnaz, set the tone for a generation of TV situation comedies. She returned to television in 1985, starring as a bag lady in the Stone Pillow and in a short-lived series called Life With Lucy in 1986.

anniversary; aborigines mourn "We couldn't tell who it was," continuing years for pensions for the poor. Goria, a former treasury minis-ter, said the country could not Pentagon to add China SYDNEY (R) - Tall ships from Bangladesh around the ginbe went nn a grand "parade of sail" Tuesday in Sydaborigines — many with cere-monially painted bodies and carafford any more increases in pub-lic spending and called Monday's vote to absorb the funds raised in to list of hostile nations ney Harbour, focal point of Aurying spears and boomerangs protests stralia's 200th anniversary of were accompanied by a similar WASHINGTON (R) - The Denated hostile nations and areas -European settlement. Three million Australians, linthe amendment into existing pronumber of white supporters. DHAKA (R) - Riot police used fence Department has decided to including the Soviet Union, As the aborigines marched in visions, taking money away from ing every vantage point on the' waterfront, and thousands of craft add China to its public list of Nicaragua, Cuba and North Viet-nam — when a new list is made Sydney's streets, the two-masted teargas to disperse demonstrators other pensions. nations hostile to the United training ship Young Endeavour, in Dhaka during a nationwide Although he passed the confi-dence vote hurdle, Goria still has public by summer. greeted the 200 ships from Auopposition-led strike in Bang-ladesh Tuesday. States, administration officials a bicentennial gift from Britain, stralia and 40 other countries. led the mile long line of ships

Opposition parties said at least 30 of their activists, trying to organise pickets near Dhaka Unigets through.

Repeated delays and disagreeversity, were hurt in the incident.

Police said they dispersed the protesters because they were trying to hold an illegal rally to muster support for a boycott of parliamentary elections in March. The strike was called in protest at police shooting in Chittagong which the opposition said killed

at least 17 people and wounded more than 300 at a weekend rally. Earlier Tuesday, hundreds of home-made bombs packed with metal fragments exploded in the streets of Dhaka, apparently to scare people into staying at home

during the strike. Police said offices, banks and shops across the country were closed and little transport was moving.

The main opposition parties called the strike, the 20th in two months, as a protest against the shooting in Chittagong Sunday. The government said eight people were killed and 100 were injured, including some police

officers, wheo police opened fire

to disperse the opposition rally "The police had to open fire because the opposition activists attacked the security forces with hand grenades and firearms," a government statement said.

More than 25,000 dock workers stayed at home in Chittagong Tuesday. Protesters also burnt a car whose driver tried to travel through the city's deserted Opposition leader Sheikh Hasina, who had planned to address

the Chittagong rally, has vowed to avenge the deaths.

NEW YORK (R) - Vice President George Bush has clashed with a prominent U.S. television newscaster in a live nationally broadcast interview during which

At ooe point Bush angrily re-

of campaign political profiles. But the interview was preceded

CBS who said you're doing poli-tical profiles on all the candidates and then you come up with some-

looked into," Bush said.
Bush said he has answered

Bush led the Republican field

A CBS spokesman who re-

Bush, Jesse Jackson, and